CELEBRATE
EMPIRE DAY
AT THE FAIR

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Empire Day Fair—Stand Nos. 14 & 15

FOUNDED 1881 NO. 13,713 二拜禮 第四廿月五英港香 TUESDAY, MAY 24, 1932. 日九十月四 $36 PER ANNUM SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS

MAN WHO KILLED KITCHENER
Mystery Adventurer Under Arrest

AMAZING DIARY FOUND

HOW HAMPSHIRE WAS SUNK

New York, May 23.

The true solution to the mystery of the death of the Earl of Kitchener when H. M. S. Hampshire was sunk off the Orkneys in 1916, is believed to be within sight, with the arrest in New York to-day of a mysterious figure, notorious for his anti-British activities.

On Monday, June 6, 1916, Lord Kitchener and his staff embarked on the armoured cruiser Hampshire for the purpose of proceeding on a secret mission to Russia, planning a great simultaneous offensive in the East and West.

THE OLD THEORY.

"By an unhappy error of judgment," writes his biographer, "an unswept channel was chosen for the passage of the cruiser and Kitchener—the secret of whose journey had been betrayed—was to die swiftly at the hands of England's enemies."

The general supposition was, in fact, that the Hampshire struck a mine.

The true cause of the disaster, there is now reason to believe, was an internal explosion, an infernal machine planted aboard by an agent of the enemy.

DIARY INSCRIPTION.

"The Man Who Killed Kitchener," is, in fact, the title inscribed on the front page of a diary found in the possession of the man arrested in New York to-day. It may be sheer bravado, but his dossier suggests otherwise.

The man is understood to be an ex-journalist, who fought against England in the Boer War and has always displayed bitter enmity towards Britain.

He is an internationally known adventurer of great resource and daring.

ESCAPE IN AEROPLANE.

Once before he was in the hands of the United States authorities. He was arrested in 1919, but escaped and got clear away to Mexico in an aeroplane. It is said that he was wanted in 1919 by the British authorities in connexion with the burning of a British ship.

The diary contains a map of the Orkneys marked with a cross, against which are written the words: "Killed Kitchener Here."

The spot marked is approximately where the cruiser Hampshire actually sunk.

TENNYSON DISASTER.

When arrested in America in 1919, the man was charged with shipping a number of mysterious boxes suspected of containing explosives aboard the steamer Tennyson, which while at sea was sunk by an explosion with several fatalities.—*Reuter.*

GAINS-CARNERA CONTEST

SHARKEY TO MEET WINNER

(Reuter's Special Service).

Paris, May 23.

The well-known boxing promoter, Jeff Dickson, has cabled to Jack Sharkey's manager at Boston, Mass. offering Sharkey £10,000 to fight the winner of the Larry Gains-Carnera contest which is due to take place at the White City on May 30.

Sharkey has replied that he is willing to fight the winner over ten rounds at the White City on July 25.

WORLD WAR WARNING

CHINESE LEADER'S QUEER MESSAGE TO LEAGUE

Geneva, May 23.

The Chinese delegation at Geneva has addressed to Sir Eric Drummond, the Secretary-General of the League, a telegram from the chairman of the National Crisis Salvation Association of China, dated May 20, declaring that unless Japan is warned by the League Assembly to desist from further hostile and aggressvie acts, there is every probability and possibility of the situation in the Far East developing into a world war.—*Reuter.*

HARBIN OFFENSIVE

ANOTHER BATTLE ON "DOORSTEP"

Harbin, May 24.

The tide of battle is again raging in dangerous proximity Harbin. The anti-Manchukuo forces have launched another fierce assault and the sound of gunfire was clearly heard in Harbin all day yesterday.

The battle began on Sunday night, the insurgents making their drive in the vicinity of the Hu-Hai Railway and the fighting is going on with no signs of abatement.

Heavy losses have been suffered by both sides in the most bitter engagement of the campaign. Neither side has been able to secure any decisive success and the issue is still in doubt. The insurgents are well equipped and appear to be directed by the expert military brain.

REFUGEES POURING IN.

Fighting is also going on about sixty miles to the west of Harbin and numbers of refugees from the battle areas are pouring into Harbin.

The Manchukuo authorities in Heilunkiang have declared General Ma Chan-shan to be an outlaw and have offered a reward of $100,000 for his capture alive and half that sum for his dead body, according to Japanese reports.—*Reuter.*

BRITISH GOLF TITLE

AMATEUR HOLDER DEFEATED

London, May 23.

The British Amateur Golf Championship, for which there is a very large entry, including a number of American and Colonial challengers, opened to-day at Muirfield.

Martin-Smith.

A mild sensation was provided early in the day when, in the first round of the contest (decided on the knock-out system), E. Martin-Smith, the Cambridge undergraduate, who won the the title last year, was defeated by Leonard Smith (U.S.A.)

It was a keen contest throughout, Martin-Smith losing by one hole in the last green.

Of interest to the Far East is the failure of Gibb of Selangor, who was defeated by 3 and 2 in the first round. His conqueror was H. Howell, the Welsh champion.—*Reuter.*

SHANGHAI STRIKE

Government's Offer

Some of Demands Granted

Nanking, May 24.

Whilst all the demands of the Shanghai postal strikers have not been conceded, the Ministry of Communications has indicated its willingness to make some concessions.

The Ministry has agreed to accept the demands of the strikers for the restoration of the rice allowance and for the postponement of the execution of its retrenchment policy, but it is unable to amalgamate the Postal Savings Bank and the Postal Administration or to cancel the contracts with the aviation companies, as demanded by the workers.

This statement was made by General Yu Fei-peng, the Vice-Minister of Communications, who said all employees receiving less than $80 per month would have their rice allowance restored.

ALLEGATION DENIED.

General Yu denied the allegation that the expenditure on the Postal Savings Bank is $1.02 millions per annum, declaring that the total was only half a million. He added that the separation of the Postal Savings Bank from the Postal Administration had resulted in the deposits being doubled.

The Vice-Minister concluded by saying that officials of the Ministry who had been encouraging the strikers had already been dismissed.—*Reuter.*

CANNOT BE TOLERATED.

Nanking, May 24.

General Chan Ming-shu, Minister of Communications, declares that the Government is fully prepared to meet the Shanghai postal strike situation.

He said he expected a settlement in a few days and added that the strikers were not striking in their personal interests, but were attempting to interfere with the Government's administrative system, which could not be tolerated.—*Reuter.*

IMPEACHMENT OF WANG CHING-WEI

Shanghai Truce Sequel

Nanking, May 24.

The Central Political Council has been discussing the recent impeachment of Mr. Wang Ching-wei, President of the Executive Yuan, for authorising the signing of the Shanghai armistice agreement without consulting the Legislative Yuan.

The Control Yuan, making the impeachment, charges that the agreement is damaging to China's sovereign rigths.

The Central Political Council found nothing in the agreement damaging to the country's sovereign rights and ordered the impeachment to be repealed.—*Reuter.*

SUNDAY CINEMA SHOWS

LOCAL OPTION BILL PUBLISHED

London, May 23.

The text of the Sunday Entertainments Bill was issued to-night.

It is supported by the Acting Premier, Mr. Baldwin, and the Attorney General, and provides that local authorities shall have power to grant licences for cinematograph entertainment on Sundays, subject to such conditions as they may think fit.—*British Wireless.*

Dr. John F. Condon, the mysterious "Jafsie," who has gone to Great Barrington to hunt for the gang who received $50,000 from him, in connexion with the Lindbergh kidnapping.

TURN IN LINDBERGH AFFAIR

SCENE SHIFTS TO NEW CENTRE

New York, May 23.

The scene of the developments in the Lindbergh kidnapping outrage have suddenly shifted.

Interest is now centred upon the possibility of sensational happenings in the town of Great Barrington, Massachusetts, where Dr. John F. Condon, "Jafsie," accompanied by a one-armed man and an Alsatian wolf-hound have arrived.

It was Dr. Condon, an elderly lecturer of Fordham University, who negotiated for the return of the Lindbergh baby at the corner of woodlawn Cemetery in Bronx, New York, and later paid over $50,000 to the alleged kidnappers.

HUNTING FOR TRICKSTERS

Dr. Condon said the other day that his full story had not been told, and it is stated that he is now at Great Barrington hunting for the leader of the gang to whom he paid the G$50,000 believing that they had the baby.

It is understood that Mr. John Hughes Curtis, the "millionaire" boatbuilder of Norfolk, will shortly be released. The newspapers suggest the Colonel Lindbergh does not wish to give evidence against him in connexion with the cruel hoax.—*Reuter.*

Messrs. Mustard and Co. are marking Empire Day by sending out to customers samples of "Federation" playing cards, manufactured by Thos. De La Rue and Co., London, and Chas. Goodall and Son, Ltd., London.

A CRISIS TO END CRISES

JOSIAH STAMP ON GOLD VALUES

INTER-IMPERIAL ECONOMICS

London, May 23.

Sir Josiah Stamp, the famous British economist, apparently does not subscribe to the view of Professor Cassel that Britain's successful employment of a paper currency since September last has proved that the world can dispense with a gold standard.

In a speech to-night, at a dinner given in London by the Canada Club, Sir Josiah Stamp, who is a director of the Bank of England, as well as chairman of the L.M.S. Railway, said that no lessons in regard to the relative values of different monetary systems could be drawn from their behaviour in the last three years.

OUR ONLY HOPE.

Unless that is, he added, we were to confess that changes of the present magnitude in the value of gold were to be a regular feature of the world economic system.

"Our only hope is that this is a world depression which is to end world depressions, for we ought at all costs to safeguard ourselves against the possibility of its repetition."

OTTAWA AND AFTER.

Referring to the Imperial Economic Conference at Ottawa, Sir Josiah declared that one of the greatest problems before it would be that of finding a means of arresting the continued appreciation of gold in terms of other commodities.

The task of finding the equilibrium of tariff policies at Ottawa or elsewhere was inescapably bound up in comparative internal costs, which were changing relatively daily, not in real value, but in terms of monetary expression, which was the only thing of which tariff systems could take heed.

He declared that discrimination expressed in money values might be very scientifically based upon differences in costs this year and be hopelessly wrong next.—*Reuter.*

S'HAI-NANKING RAILWAY

SERVICE RESUMED TO-DAY

Shanghai, May 24.

After a suspension lasting four months, traffic on the Shanghai-Nanking Railway was restored to-day, the first train leaving at ten o'clock this morning.

Another train will depart this afternoon, while two will arrive here from Nanking to-day.

The full service is expected to be resumed on June 1st.—*Reuter.*

Sir Josiah Stamp, the famous British economist and banker.

FAMOUS FLIER FEARED DEAD

NO TRACE FOUND BY DESTROYER

A TIMOR VICTIM

Batavia, May 23.

The Dutch destroyer which has been searching for the missing German airman, Captain Hans Bertram and his three companions, has sent a wireless message announcing that no trace whatever has been found of the airmen or of the machine.

There is little hope that they have survived. They set out on the 16th instant in their all-metal Junkers flyingboat from Kupang with Port Darwin, Australia, as their destination. It is feared that they ran into a storm, were forced down in the Timor Sea, the craft failing to survive the battering of rough seas.

Captain Bertram was accompanied on his last flight by Count Lagoria, the well-known film operator, Herr Thom as second pilot and Herr Klaussmann as his mechanic.

They had flown from Germany to the Far East in an effort to demonstrate the qualities of their Junkers plane and to map out long-distance air routes.—*Reuter.*

LADY PLAYWRIGHT PASSES

DEATH OF LADY GREGORY

London, May 23.

Lady Gregory, the well-known playwright and Director of the Abbey Theatre, Dublin, has died at Galway at the age of 80 years.

Lady Gregory was the widow of the late Sir William Gregory, a former Governor of Ceylon.—*British Wireless.*

PROFESSOR TARRED AND FEATHERED

PRETORIA MEN'S OUTRAGE

(Reuter's Special Service).

Pretoria, May 23.

Tarred and feathered and clad only in a pair of bathing slips, Professor H. P. Lamont, of Pretoria University, was to-day pushed out of a motor-car into the main square of the city and compelled to run for shelter.

On his back was slung a large placard inscribed:

WAR
WINE
AND WOMEN

Four men were responsible for the outrage. They have been arrested and have made a statement declaring that they tarred and feathered the professor because they believe him to be the author of a book which offends the Afrikanders.

Professor Lamont says that he was walking in his garden when he was seized by four men, forced into a motor-car and taken out of the city where the outrage was committed.

His assailants are being charged with assault.

THE JAPANESE WITHDRAWAL

LEAVING WOOSUNG TO-MORROW

(Telegraph Special.)

Shanghai, May 24.

The evacuation of Japanese troops has not proceeded as swiftly as expected this week, but Sutselin and Yanghang are being evacuated to-day and Paoshan and Woosung to-morrow.

The Chinese police are now standing by ready to take over and they will move in directly the Japanese forces depart.

Thus after to-morrow the Japanese troops in the Shanghai area will be confined to a narrow strip of territory to the east of the Shanghai-Woosung Railway, where they will remain until they embark, which they are expected to do very shortly.—*Reuter.*

D-OX CROSSES THE ATLANTIC

SAFE ARRIVAL AT CALSHOT

London, May 23.

The giant boat D-OX has succeeded in crossing the Atlantic.

Leaving Hollywood, Newfoundland at 8 a.m. on Saturday for Germany, via the Azores, the big machine arrived at Southampton Water to-night, and flew over the port before alighting on the water off Calshot.—*British Wireless.*

Later.

The D-Ox, which made good time from Vigo, will now fly to Lake Constance.—*Reuter's Special Service.*

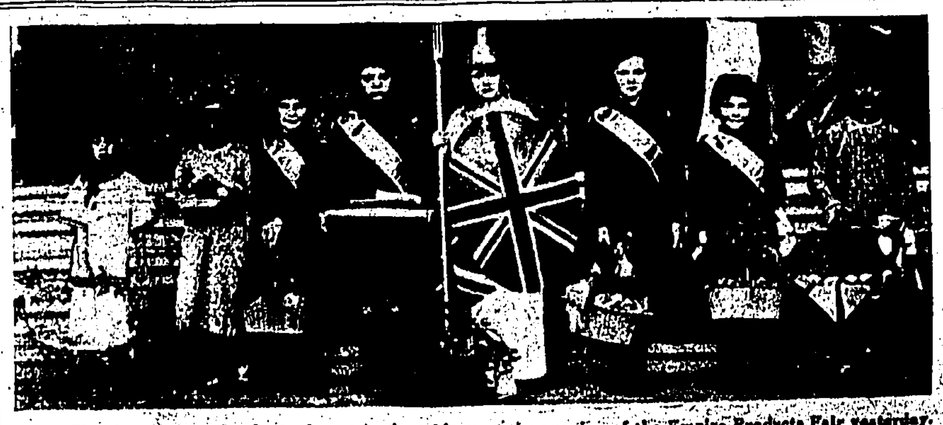
AMELIA EARHEART IN LONDON

GREAT RECEPTION AT LUNCHEON

London, May 23.

Miss Amelia Earhart, (Mrs. Putnam), the Atlantic airwoman, to-day received an enthusiatic reception when she attended a luncheon which the Institute of Journalists had arranged in honour of the American Ambassador, Mr. Andrew Mellon.

The airwoman sat between the British Foreign Secretary, Sir John Simon, and Mr. Mellon and talked with animation of her experiences on her great flight.—*British Wireless.*



The eight little girls who took part in the tableau at the opening of the Empire Products Fair yesterday. Each represented a unit of the Empire. Miss Edith Hoare was Britannia, the others being Miss Madeline Walker (Canada), Miss Molly Wynne-Jones (Australia), Miss Margaret Henderson (New Zealand), Miss Hazel Lauder (South Africa), Miss Vera Ruttanjee Desai (British India), Miss Lo Pui-yew (Hongkong), and Miss Fung Yun-to (New Territories). Photo by Ming Yuen.

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Malaya's Premier Hotel
Food and Wines especially good.
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Every Wednesday & Saturday—Orchestra Daily.
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Terms—Inclusive or a la Carte
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Finest Home Food
Excellent Cuisine and Service.
Special Dinner and Dance Every Saturday Night.
No Extra Charge for After Dinner Dancing.
The "Europe" Orchestra Renders Light Music on the Verandah and During Meals Every Day.
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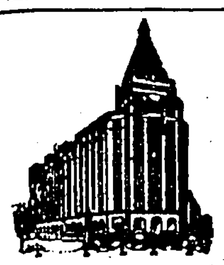
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Cathay Hotel
Cable Address: "CATHOTEL"
250
Rooms and Suites
Each with Private Bath
Most Modern Hotel in the Far East
Special Summer Rates, May to September
CATHAY HOTELS, LIMITED

CONTRACT BRIDGE

By W. E. McKenney.

Secretary, American Bridge League.

DON'T merely make a discard with no thought behind it. Remember that your partner is always looking for information, so make your cards speak for themselves. In the following hand North, with an apparently worthless hand, correctly discards and thereby allows his partner to make the play that defeats the declarer's contract.

	♠J-8 ♥Q-9-7-3-2 ♦9 ♣J-8-7-4-2	
♠A-Q-7-5-3 ♥J-5 ♦8-7-4-2 ♣A-3	NORTH WEST EAST Dealer SOUTH	♠K-6-4 ♥A-10-8-4 ♦J-10-5 ♣K-Q-9
	♠10-9-2 ♥K-6 ♦A-K-Q-6-3 ♣10-6-5	230

The Bidding.

The hand was played in a duplicate contract match. North and South were vulnerable, East and West not vulnerable. The bidding was South one diamond, West one spade, North passed, East there spades, South passed and West went to four spades, which bought the contract.

The Play.

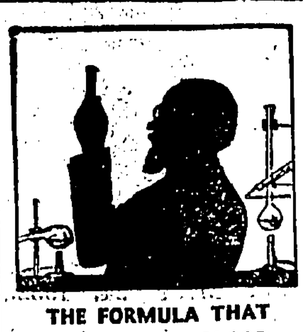
North has the opening lead and opens his partner's suit—the nine of diamonds. The ten was played from dummy and South won with the queen and returned the king of diamonds. West, the declarer, played the four and North discarded the deuce of clubs, telling his partner not to lead clubs. The five of diamonds was played from dummy. South continued with the ace of diamonds, West playing the seven and North discarding the deuce of hearts, dummy following with the jack of diamonds.

North has told his partner not to lead hearts or clubs. Certainly he does not want trump led, therefore he must want South to continue with a diamond, as this is the only play that will stop the declarer from going game. If South were to lead any other suit, West can pick up the trump, make his ace of hearts and his three good clubs.

But when South continues with a diamond, West plays his good eight spot, North trumps with the eight of spades forcing the declarer to overtrump with the king in dummy. Declarer then leads a spade from dummy, but is forced to play the queen from his own hand, which picks up North's jack. As the ten and nine of spades are both out against the declarer, he may as well try to pick them up, therefore he swings the ace of spades, catching South's nine, but the ten of spades in the South hand is good and this is the trick that defeats the declarer's contract. All the rest of the tricks are good in the declarer's hand as he can discard his losing heart on the good club in dummy.

North, by discarding the deuce of clubs and then the deuce of hearts, informed South that if he would continue with his diamonds, North could trump high enough to force the king out of dummy and in this manner might establish a trump trick in partner's hand.

OPEL
Fours and Sixes.


THE FORMULA THAT CREATES NEW BLOOD.

Long before this formula was discovered it was well known that most ailments, apart from those caused by disease germs and organic defects, have their inception in the impoverished state of the blood. In fact, disease itself can only obtain a footing in the body when the germs find the blood too weak to resist them.

When a certain physician of Edinburgh University discovered a combination of elements which were assimilable into the bloodstream and which had the effect of oxygenising—thus enriching and increasing the blood itself, he achieved a great victory over anaemia—blood impoverishment—that scourge of mankind which gives rise to so many ailments. Impoverished blood is the primary cause of those wearisome back pains and headaches, weakness and debility, pallor and emaciation, premature ageing, digestive and nervous troubles, insomnia, women's ailments, rheumatism and sciatica.

This formula, which is embodied in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, has been proved over a period of nearly fifty years to be remarkably effective in all these ailments. The blood-building properties of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been demonstrated without a shadow of doubt in thousands of cases. If you would get back your former health and vigour give this world-famous blood and nerve tonic a trial. You will experience the same happy results as countless others have done and are doing to-day. All chemists can supply you.

EMPIRE FOOD
FOR
EMPIRE DAY
Do you want fresh fish, poultry, eggs, tomatoes or any kind of vegetable—all fresh from the New Territories?
THEN – COME TO THE FAIR!
Hours of Sale—
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MARKET PRICES.

COMING SHORTLY

TO THE QUEEN'S

Only this *DOUBLE ACTION cleansing is *safe* for his delicate teeth

MOTHERS know that neglect of children's first teeth often results in serious malformation of the second teeth forming beneath the gum surfaces. Beauty may be marred—health impaired!

Don't take chances. The double action cleansing of Listerine Tooth Paste on a Pro-phy-lac-tic Tooth Brush will safely clean and protect your children's teeth and gums as nothing else can.

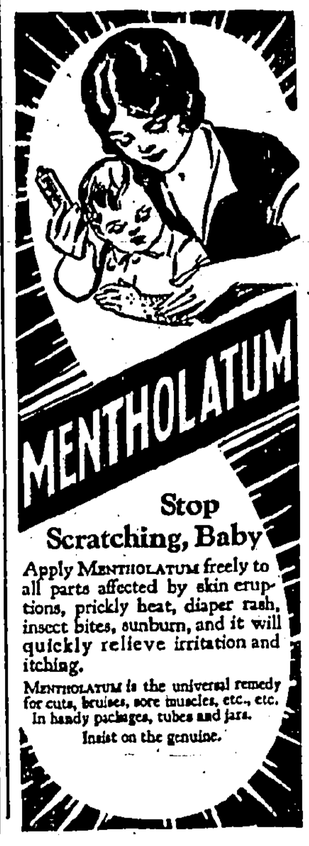
The amazing new cleansing agents used in Listerine Tooth Paste are distributed over every tooth surface—into every tooth crevice—by means of the notched bristle surface and tufted end of the Pro-phy-lac-tic Tooth Brush. There are no harsh abrasives in Listerine Tooth Paste, nothing to scratch the delicate tooth enamel. There are no loose, lifeless bristles in the Pro-phy-lac-tic Tooth Brush to irritate the gums.

Don't risk gritty and unsafe dentifrices on your child's teeth! Don't use unsanitary, inferior tooth brushes in his mouth! Try Listerine —Pro-phy-lac-tic Double Action Cleansing!

NOTE: You save enough on Listerine Tooth Paste, which costs less than other quality dentifrices, to pay for your Pro-phy-lac-tic Tooth Brushes' *Always look for the hyphenated name,* Pro-phy-lac-tic, and the sanitary yellow box.

Pro-phy-lac-tic TOOTH BRUSHES

LISTERINE TOOTH PASTE



Stop Scratching, Baby
Apply MENTHOLATUM freely to all parts affected by skin eruptions, prickly heat, diaper rash, insect bites, sunburn, and it will quickly relieve irritation and itching.
MENTHOLATUM is the universal remedy for cuts, bruises, sore muscles, etc., etc. In handy packages, tubes and jars.
Insist on the genuine.

VAUXHALL
V "Cadet" X
The courtesy of your inspection of the above cars, which will be on view in the West Corridor, is cordially invited.
BRITISH EMPIRE EXHIBITION
PENINSULA HOTEL
MAY 24th.
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Avoid colds
By taking SCOTT'S Emulsion which promotes the strength to resist coughs, chills, colds, influenza and all bronchial affections. Ask for

SCOTT'S Emulsion
"The protector of life"

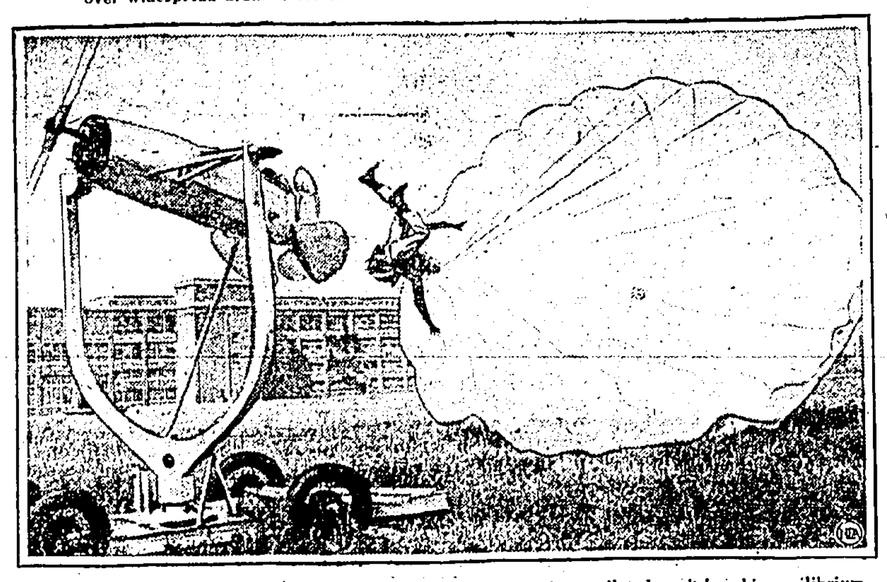
SALESMAN SAM — Taking No Chances! — By Small

ROARING INTO TERRIFYING ACTIVITY, the towering volcanoes of the South American Andes presented this fearsome aspect, recently, as they poured forth clouds of ashes and gaseous fumes upon town and countryside for a distance of 400 miles. This picture strikingly shows the thundering volcano Las Yeguas in full eruption. Thousands in Chile and Argentina fled from their homes as the volcanoes filled the skies with aerial explosions.

IT MIGHT BE A BEACH SCENE. But actually these Chilean youngsters were not playing with sand, but with finely sifted ashes that descended upon the town of Curico from an erupting volcano 7 miles away. It's a lighter aspect of the widespread volcanic activity that caused heavy property loss in Chile and Argentina.

A time clock found in the debris of the $6,500,000 Columbus office building wrecked by an explosion, fixes the time of the mysterious blast at 2:42 p.m. Five workmen were killed and 57 hurt in the blast that caused $1,200,000 damage to the nearly completed structure.

AS IF SHOVELING AWAY SNOW AFTER A STORM, workmen swarmed into the streets of Curico, Chile, to clear the pavements of tons of ashes which fell upon the town from Tinguiriraca volcano, 75 miles away. Strange scenes like this were duplicated in scores of South American cities as craters along a 400 miles belt thundred into awesome activity, raining ashes, smoke and gases over widespread area. Note the blanket of volcanic ash upon the branches of trees.



Louis "Speed" Babbs of Los Angeles, was trying to prove that a pilot doesn't lose his equilibrium, no matter how a plane is stunted. He leaped from the cockpit of his "aeroplane," a device designed for student pilots, expecting the backwash of the propeller to raise his parachute. The experiment failed when the wind tore the parachute open, threw it toward the ground and dragged Speed with it. He was seriously injured.

The dime-a-dance girl

BY JOAN CLAYTON

BEGIN HERE TODAY

Ellen Rossiter, beautiful 20-year-old, falls in love with Larry Harrowgate, young artist whom she meets at Dreamland, a dance hall where she works as hostess. Larry is engaged to Elizabeth Bowes, debutante, but pays attentions to Ellen until his fiancee returns from Europe.

Believing Larry is lost to her, Ellen agrees to marry Steven Barclay, 5- years old and wealthy, who has paid hospital expenses for her brother Mike, injured in a street accident. Ellen knows such a marriage will provide for her mother, Molly Rossiter, and make it possible for her sister, Myra, to marry Bert Armstead.

Barclay has been married and divorced. Scandal accompanied his divorce from Lady Grayson, dancer, and, fearing this talk may be revived, he and Ellen agree to keep their marriage secret until they sail for Europe. Barclay wants to settle a fortune on Ellen but she persuades him to wait until after the ceremony. Barclay's lawyer, Symes, regards Ellen as a gold-digger.

In a double marriage in a small Connecticut town Barclay and Ellen and Myra and Armstead are married. Barclay and his bride drive to his Long Island home. She reads in a newspaper that Larry's engagement to Elizabeth Bowes is broken.

That night when Barclay comes to Ellen's bedroom he suffers a fatal heart attack. Ellen calls for help. Doctors, nurses and Symes, the lawyer, arrive. Symes, who has been trying to reach Barclay all day, tells Ellen her marriage is not legal because papers proving Barclay's divorce have been stolen. She agrees to forfeit all claim to the fortune in order to avoid scandal. Only Fergus, the butler, knows of her presence in the house that night. Then Ellen learns Larry Harrowgate is Barclay's nephew.

CHAPTER XL.

Ellen sat stunned and quiet for a long time after the two men left her.

Larry Harrowgate was Steven's nephew! Over and over again she prayed that Larry should never know she was slipping like a dismissed servant from the great house where only last night she had been mistress. Over and over she prayed he would never learn of her shame and humiliation.

Larry—to think that it should have been Larry!

She stared blindly out at green, shady lawns dappled with autumn sunshine and breathed air sweet with the tang of fall and brush fires. Far away a lawn sprinkler was whirling and a man raked leaves. Beyond the tennis courts there was the sparkle of blue water. The cars that had stood in the driveway were gone.

There was in that peaceful scene no hint of the tragedy that had befallen Steven Barclay. Ellen wondered why she could not cry again and had only the exhausted conviction that she should be weeping for him who had loved her.

"It's all over," she said half aloud. "I'm going home."

Ah, to escape from this luxurious, hideous place! The thought of Molly, of Myra running into the familiar kitchen and chattering, of Mike looking up at her so confidently, was like a dream. Ellen's eyes ached for the familiar sights, for her own tumbled bedroom, for the marble-topped bureau with the stain from spilled perfume.

Here in this hateful room she stood waiting for them to smuggle her away as though she were a criminal. She knew that Symes pitied her and she did not want pity. The doctors had been surprised at her presence, had regarded her, she felt, with contempt. She did not want that, either.

When Fergus came in to pack the newly initialled bags that she would never use Ellen wanted to cry out that she would leave her clothes here. She wished never to see the pretty frock again. She wanted to explain to the silent, impersonal servant why she was here—what had happened. But that she could not do. She was sworn to silence and to deceit. Symes had warned her to say nothing. How Ellen hated it all!

Fergus glanced at her from time to time as he packed her clothes. It did not matter what he was thinking, Ellen told herself. Resolutely she pulled on a little felt hat and tucked in the strands of brilliant hair.

* * *

It did matter, of course. She remembered again and with a sinking heart that she had given Mrs. Clancy's telephone number to Fergus. How she wished that she hadn't. But all this was foolish! How could such a tiny circumstance be important?

What was Fergus thinking.

"Mr. Symes is waiting for you in the hall, miss," he said, as he strapped the last heavy bag.

Again that strange, oblique glance. It had been "madame" the night before. Ellen's cheeks burned.

"I want to see Steven—Mr. Barclay before I go," she said, her throat dry.

"I'm afraid, miss, that's impossible," the butler told her smoothly. "He's been taken to the hospital. It was thought best."

Ellen followed him down the stairs into the dark, cool hall. Symes took her arm and Fergus carried the bags to the car. The butler watched as the limousine rushed down the winding driveway.

"I—I wanted to see Steven again," Ellen said painfully as they turned through the iron gates and out on the road leading to Manhattan.

"The arrangements were made hurriedly," Symes told her. "I wanted to spare you the details if I could. And you can see how much simpler it will make things to give out the report that he died in a hospital."

"I suppose so," Ellen said, swallowing the lump in her throat. "Only now that everything's arranged—I'm afraid."

"Nothing to be afraid of," he assurred her. "You'll be home soon now."

"It's Fergus I'm afraid of," Ellen said in a small voice.

"A servant?" he demanded, amazed. "He cannot harm you."

Ellen was not to be reassured. The deadly weight in her heart persisted. She could not shake off her feeling of desolation and her rising doubts.

* * *

She stared blindly at fields burned and dry, stared at the cars they passed. She had never felt such wretchedness, such loneliness of spirit. To be running away like a thief—

"I'm glad for you," Symes voice penetrated her misery. "Glad you decided as you did. It's the best way out of the regretable affair."

Ellen twisted a fold of her frock. "I don't know what's right and what's wrong," she said. "It seems wrong to desert Steven, to hide something he thought was right."

"I've had more years to consider right and wrong than you've had," Symes told her in a matter of fact way. "And it seems to me the right thing is the kind thing. You're being kind. You're saving Steven's honour when he can't save it himself.

"But you don't understand," Ellen persisted in a low voice. "I'm not being unselfish—I'm not thinking of myself and my own reputation. That's why I wanted to run away, the real reason. That's why it's wrong. It's not too late to go back! I'll make everyone believe it was I, not Steven, who was to blame—"

"We'll do nothing of the kind," the lawyer interrupted flatly. "You've said you don't want the money which would be the only reason for such a move. It's right for you to think of your reputation. Reputation is a very precious thing to every young girl. Steven wouldn't want you to toss it away to become a martyr. That's ridiculous!"

His flat, almost angry words braced Ellen as no sympathy could have done. He saw her trembling lips become steady.

"But I didn't love Steven as—as he loved me," the girl fumbled. "To go on feeling this hanging over me—feeling that I have taken the easiest way out—feeling—"

"What do you think Steven would want you to do?" Symes asked, turning to meet her eyes.

"Steven would want me to be happy. But how can I bear—"

"Have you thought," he demanded abruptly, "that this might be your part of the bargain? To do as he would want you to even though it is hard? Even though you feel guilty and ashamed and unworthy?"

"Do you really think that?" she asked. There was dawning hope in her expression.

"It will be hard enough," he told her harshly. "It's always easier to collapse into being a martyr. But to fight the thing out alone—it'll be hard enough."

* * *

They drove in silence through the dreaming country side where busy housewives were ordering the day's groceries, children played and quarreled on front lawns, and dogs ran out to bark at passing vehicles. They passed factories and warehouses. Ellen saw the bent heads of workers at great windows. The air became sultry and oppressive.

They reached the outskirts of Manhattan, looking grimy and bedraggled in the noon sunshine. Each fresh landmark, bringing her nearer home, was grateful to Ellen's eyes.

Pine street at last, shabby and filled with children skylarking during the lunch hour. Symes left Ellen at the door of the apartment. She was so eager to be away that she scarcely heard him say he would call in a few days

(Continued on Page 13.)

THE COMFORT OF BUYING BRITISH

K Plus Fitting Shoes were devised to add comfort to smartness. Made with foreparts one fitting wider than the heel-parts, K Plus Fitting Shoes enable your toes to move in freedom while your heel is neatly, closely fitted. Shapely to begin with K Shoes keep their shape because they fit so truly.

And while you enjoy the comfort of the perfect fit ensured by K Plus Fittings, you will also enjoy the comfortable thought that your shoes are British-made.

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TRY LIPTON'S NEW PACKET TEA

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LABEL

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WHITEAWAYS.

BATHING COSTUMES FOR MEN LADIES AND CHILDREN.

BATHING CAPS, BATHING WRAPS AND SHOES

LOWEST PRICES.

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RADIO EXPERTS - WORK GUARANTEED

TO-DAY'S WANTS.

25 WORDS $1.50
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The following replies have been received:—
908, 936, 944, 945.

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Old Established high class English Woollen and Worsteds Piece goods manufacturers of all descriptions desire to get in touch with reliable Importers, either European or Chinese, in Hongkong and Canton. Particulars and samples available by addressing to our Shanghai agents, Post Office 2089, Shanghai.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED.—Experienced male STENOGRAPHER for temporary post. Apply in writing, stating qualifications and salary desired, to G.P.O. Box No. 86.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—An attractive European residence at Taipo. Situated South of Railway between Tai Po and Taipo Market Stations, containing 3 Reception Rooms and 4 Bed-rooms, 2 bathrooms, English bath fitted with hot and cold water, Flush Water-closet, Fitted for Electric light, Hard wood floors, Lawn, &c. For further particulars, apply Superintendent of Crown Lands and Surveys, P.W.D., or District Officer, North, Taipo.

LOST

LOST.—Strayed from 533, The Peak, on the afternoon of Saturday the 21st May, one Scottish Terrier—answers to the name of Topsy. No collar. Reward.

TO LET

TO LET.—Two Semi-attached European HOUSES, on Prince Edward Road. Rents reasonable, Hot and Cold Water Installations. Apply National Commercial & Savings Bank Ltd., Des Voeux Road, Central.

OFFICE TO LET.—Floor space 450 sq. ft. (partitioned in halves) Alexandra Buildings, 1st Floor. Apply Goddard & Douglas, Alexandra Buildings.

TO LET.—Immediate occupation. Two roomed furnished FLAT, near Humphrie's Buildings, Kowloon, bachelors preferred. Rent $130 monthly. Write No. 955, "Hongkong Telegraph."

TO LET.—Well furnished FLAT, modern conveniences, cool, quiet locality, near seafront, Kowloon. $230 monthly. Write Box No. 956, "Hongkong Telegraph."

APARTMENTS

AIRLIE HOTEL.—23-25, Nathan Road, Kowloon. Under European Management. Excellent Cuisine, Modern Apartments. Terms Moderate. Three minutes from ferry. Tel. 57357.

MRS. MOTONO
Massage.
Hand and Electric
31B, Wyndham Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE PEAK CHURCH, HONG KONG.

The Annual Meeting of Worshippers will be held in the Cathedral Hall on Wednesday, May 25th, 1932, at 5.30 p.m.

BUSINESS.

(1) To adopt the Hon Secretary's Report.
(2) To pass accounts.
(3) To elect officials.
(4) Any other business.

ALFRED SWANN,
Hon. Secretary.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of The China Fire Insurance Company, Limited will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Union Building, Victoria, Hong Kong, immediately after the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting, which takes place on Friday, the 27th May, 1932, at 11.15 a.m. when the subjoined Resolution will be proposed:—

That it is desirable to capitalise a sum of $1,600,000 being part of the undivided profit of the Company standing to the credit of the Extra Reserve Fund and for that purpose—

(a) Should the Hong Kong Dollar equivalent of the Extra Reserve Fund on the 13th June, 1932, be not of the value of $1,600,000 then there shall be transferred from the Re-insurance Fund to the Extra Reserve Fund such a sum as will with the amount now standing to the credit of the Extra Reserve Fund make up the sum of $1,600,000.

(b) A call of $80 per share is hereby made on the shareholders of the Company appearing on the Register of shareholders on the 27th May, 1932, and such call shall be payable on the 13th June, 1932, to the General Manager at the Registered Office of the Company.

(c) That for the purpose of paying the aforesaid call of $80 per share a special dividend of $80 per share is hereby declared payable on the 13th June, 1932, and, that such special dividend be applied on behalf of the shareholders by the Directors in satisfaction of the call of $80 per share.

Dated this 11th day of May, 1932.

By Order of the Board.
PAUL LAUDER.
General Manager.

MASSAGE
MR. & MRS. Y. MORI
Holder of Japanese Govt. Certificate.
From the 1st May, 1932 Message fees will be reduced $2.00 for one treatment at office and $3.00 to $4.00 for one treatment outside.
1st floor, 4, Wyndham St.
Tel. 26051.

PEAK TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Hong Kong Hotel, Hongkong, on Saturday, the 4th June, 1932, at 11.30 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ended 30th April, 1932.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Monday, 30th day of May, to Saturday, the 4th day of June, 1932, both days inclusive.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 23rd May, 1932.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

The SEVENTH EXTRA RACE MEETING will be held (Weather Permitting) at HAPPY VALLEY on Saturday, 28th May, 1932, commencing at 2.00 p.m.

The First Bell will be Rung at 1.30 p.m.

MEMBERS' /ENCLOSURE.

Members are notified that they and their Ladies must wear their Badges prominently displayed.

No One without a Badge will be admitted to the Members' Enclosure.

Badges admitting Non-Members to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at $5.00 fro Gentlemen and $3.00 for Ladies (Both including Tax) are obtainable through the SECRETARY upon Introduction by a Member, such Member to be responsible for Payment of All Chits, &c.

Badges admitting to Members' Enclosure will NOT be on sale at the Race Course.

On No Pretext will Children be permitted in either Enclosure during the Meeting.

Tiffins are obtainable at the Club House provided they are ordered from the No. 1 Boy in advance, Telephone 21920.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

The Price of Admission to the Public Enclosure is $2.00 including Tax, for all Persons, including Ladies, and is payable at the Gate.

Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform are admitted Half Price.

Bookmakers, Tic Tac Men, &c., will not be permitted to operate within the Precincts of the Hongkong Jockey Club during the Race Meeting.

Tiffins will be obtainable in the Restaurant in the Public Enclosure.

By Order,
S. A. SLEAP,
Actg. Secretary.
Hongkong, 23rd May, 1932.

METALS

of all kinds especially for ship-building & engineering work. Complete stock. Best Terms, Immediate delivery.

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HING LUNG ST.
Telephone 20515.

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD.

(Incorporated in Hong Kong).

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTY-NINTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Society will be held at the HEAD OFFICE, Union Building, Hongkong, on FRIDAY, 27th MAY, at 11 o'clock a.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statements of Account to 31st December, 1931, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Society will be CLOSED from 9th MAY to 27th MAY, Both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
PAUL LAUDER,
General Manager.
Hongkong, 30th April, 1932.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

(Incorporated in Hong Kong).

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTY-THIRD ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Company will be held at its HEAD OFFICE, Union Building, Hongkong, on FRIDAY, 27th MAY, 1932, at 11.15 a.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statements of Account to 31st December, 1931, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 9th MAY to 27th MAY, Both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
PAUL LAUDER,
General Manager.
Hongkong, 30th April, 1932.

BRITISH TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

(Incorporated in Hong Kong).

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTY-SIXTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Company will be held at its HEAD OFFICE, Union Building, Hongkong, on FRIDAY, 27th MAY, 1932, at 11.20 a.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statements of Account to 31st December, 1931, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 9th MAY to 27th MAY, Both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
PAUL LAUDER,
General Manager.
Hongkong, 30th April, 1932.

OPEL
For Minimum Cost.

SUGAR MARKET

THE LATEST CABLED QUOTATIONS.

The following cable at the close of the sugar market yesterday has been received by Messrs. Pentreath and Co.

London Terminals.

August 1932 4/6¾ down 1d.
December 1932 4/10¼ down 1¼d.
March 1933 5/-¾ down ¾d.
May 1933 5/2½ down ¾d.
Buyers at above prices, sellers asking ¼d-½d more.

New York Terminals.

Spot .58 no change.
July 1932 .62 down 1 pt.
September 1932 .69 down 1 pt.
December 1932 .76 down 1 pt.
March 1933 .83 no change.

EXCHANGE RATES.

	Friday.	Yesterday.
Paris	93.1/16	93.3/16
Geneva	18.75	18.75
Berlin	15.40	15½
Oslo	20	20
Helsingfors	215	215
Athens	550	550
Buenos Aires	35.11/16	35¾
Shanghai	1/8⅛	1/7.5/16
New York	3.67¼	3.67⅛
Amsterdam	9.05	9.07
Vienna	33½	34½
Madrid	44.15/32	44⅞
Bucharest	615	607
Hongkong	1/3¾	1/3⅛
Brussels	26.20	26¼
Milan	71⅝	71.9/16
Prague	123¾	123¾
Stockholm	19.45	19.55
Copenhagen	18.5/16	18.35
Lisbon	110	110
Rio	4¾	4¾
Bombay	1/5.61/64	1/5.61/64
Yokohama	1/8.9/16	1/8.11/16
Montevideo	30	30
Montreal	4.19	4.14½
Silver (spot)	16¾	16⅝
" (forward)	16.13/16	16⅝

—*British Wireless.*

WATER LEVELS.

WEST, NORTH AND EAST RIVERS

The following tables issued by the Kwangtung River Conservancy Commission shows the height of water in English feet on the dates named in the West, North and East Rivers:

	Highest on Record.	Lowest on record.	May 22	May 23
West River at Shiuhing	+41.7	—	2.8	6.7
North River at Tsingyuen	+26.4	—	8.1	7.8
North River at Samshui	+27.3	—5.8	3.4	3.2
East River at Shekung	+16.5	—2.7	1.0	0.8

POST OFFICE NOTICE

On Tuesday, 24th May the General Post Office will be open from 8 a.m. to noon, Kowloon Post Office 8 a.m. to 11 a.m., and the other Branch Post Offices 8 a.m. to 9 a.m.

There will be one collection from the pillar-boxes and one delivery of ordinary correspondence as on Sundays and one delivery of registered correspondence at 9 a.m.

The Money Order Office will be entirely closed.

Letters and postcards for Europe and South America are forwarded "Via Siberia" if so superscribed.

INWARD MAILS.

From	Per	Due
Shanghai and Europe via Siberia (London, 2nd May).	Tean	May 24.
Japan and Shanghai	Chenonceaux	May 24.
Shanghai and Swatow	Kwangtung	May 24.
Shanghai and Amoy	Changchow	May 25.
Amoy	Tilawa	May 26.

OUTWARD MAILS.

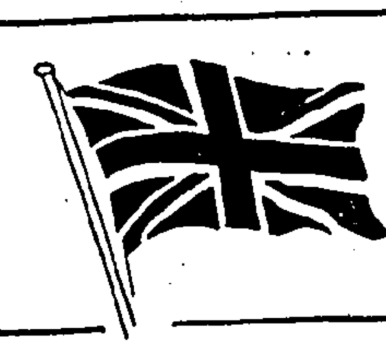
For	Per	Date and Time
Sandakan	Mausang	Wed. May 25, 10.30 a.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles	Ajax	Wed., May 25.
	K. P. O.	
	Reg.,	May 25, 1 p.m.
	Letters,	May 25, 1 p.m.
	G. P. O.	
	Reg.,	May 25, 1.45 p.m.
	Letters,	May 25, 2.30 p.m.
		(Due Marseilles, 24th June).
Amoy	Tainan	Wed., May 25, 3.30 p.m.
Swatow	Hydrangea	Thurs., May 26, 3 p.m.
Haiphong	Canton	Fri., May 27, 2.30 p.m.
Shanghai and Japan	Hakusan Maru	Fri., May 27, 3.30 p.m.
Manila	Emp. of Canada	Fri., May 27, 4.30 p.m.
		(Due Marseilles, 25th June).
Japan, Canada, U.S.A., Central and South America and *Europe via Victoria B.C.	President Madison	Fri., May 27.
	Parcels,	May 27, 3 p.m.
	Reg.,	May 27, 4.15 p.m.
	Letters	May 27, 5 p.m.
		(Due Victoria B.C. 14th June.)
Shanghai and *Europe via Siberia	Pres. Madison	Fri., May 27.
	Reg.,	May 27, 5 p.m.
	Letters	May 27, 6 p.m.

*Superscribed Correspondence only.

DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS

$725 a year will produce $10,000 at death or $20,000 at the end of 20 years if you survive. NO MEDICAL EXAMINATION. Other terms on application to

CHINA UNDERWRITERS, LTD.
LIFE ASSURANCE DEPARTMENT.
Telephone 28121.
Hongkong Bank Building.



EMPIRE FAIR
PENINSULA HOTEL

Our branch store in the Arcade of the Hotel will remain open all day TO-DAY
TUESDAY, MAY 24th

MACKINTOSH'S LTD
MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS.

NEW SHIPMENT
CHEMICAL WASHED CARPETS
FROM TIENTSIN
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EMPIRE DAY

DURING

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ENGLISH FOOTWEAR.

Every model shown in our windows will be from British Factories

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EVERY STITCH

The Proud Products of the English Craft.

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A SHIPLOAD OF FUN
IN AN OCEAN OF LAUGHTER
Commencing THURSDAY at the

QUEEN'S

BRITISH INTERNATIONAL PICTURES, LTD.
present
JACQUELINE LOGAN
OWEN NARES & DODO WATTS
in
THE SHAFTESBURY THEATRE NAUTICAL COMEDY SUCCESS

"THE MIDDLE WATCH"

BRILLIANT RECOVERY IN INTERPORT

SHANGHAI NOW UP AGAINST IT

After a bad start and a none-too brilliant second innings, the Hongkong cricketers have practically snatched victory from the Shanghai team. At the close of play yesterday the Shanghai men had scored 82 for the loss of seven wickets, leaving them still 75 in arrears.

Hongkong's good position was mainly due to A. H. Madar and G. C. Burnett, who, when things were going badly in Hongkong's second knock, were associated in a valuable partnership, scoring 59 and 29 respectively.

Three wickets were lost in the first hour's play Mitchell, Hamilton and Coward being the victims.

Madar and Burnett, however, at lunch, had taken the score to 113 for seven wickets.

Hongkong made a splendid recovery and finished with 180, leaving Shanghai needing 158 runs to win.

Minu rose to the occasion with the ball and dismissed four of Shanghai's men for 29.

The game will be resumed to-day.

Scores:

Hongkong.—1st Innings.

J. E. Richardson, c Barson, b Booth	4
G. R. Sayer, l.b.w., Mansell-Smith	19
E. F. Fincher, c Coward, b Leach	11
P. Madar, l.b.w., Mansell-Smith	14
E. J. R. Mitchell, st. Coward, b Divecha	0
A. C. Hamilton, c Elliott, b Booth	26
A. C. Beck, c Barson, b Mansell-Smith	1
A. H. Madar, c Isaacs, b Leach	1
W. Patterson, hit wkt. Mansell-Smith	0
A. R. Minu, c Stokes, b Mansell-Smith	17
G. C. Burnett, not out	6
Extras	9
Total	108

Fall of wickets: 1 (Richardson) for 13; 2 (Sayer) for 30; 3 (Fincher) for 49; 4 (Mitchell) for 50; 5 (P. Madar) for 70; 6 (Hamilton) for 83, 7 (Beck) for 85; 8 (A. H. Madar) for 89; 9 (Patterson) for 91.

Bowling.—Mansell-Smith 5/32, Booth 2/27, Leach 2/30, Divecha 1/4, Isaacs 0/2, Elliott 0/4.

Shanghai.—1st Innings.

C. G. W. Robson, c Richardson, b Burnett	8
S. R. Kermani, b Minu	19
L. F. Stokes, c Hamilton, b P. Madar	8
A. J. Barson, b Minu	15
R. Booth, c Burnett, b P. Madar	1
R. S. Elliott, b Hamilton	26
D. W. Leach, b Minu	2
M. J. Divecha, c Mitchell b Burnett	15
W. Mansell-Smith, l.b.w., Hamilton	16
H. A. Coward, b Minu	1
J. A. Isaacs, not out	11
Extras	9
Total	131

Bowling.—Minu 4/52, Burnett 2/15, P. Madar 2/20, Hamilton 3/15, A. H. Madar 0/6, Beck 0/4.

Fall of Wickets.—1 for 13 (Robson); 2 for 28 (Stokes); 3 for 48 (Kermani); 4 for 55 (Barson); 5 for 55 (Booth); 6 for 84 (Elliott); 7 for 88 (Leach); 8 for 110 (Mansell-Smith); 9 for 111 (Coward).

Hongkong.—2nd Innings.

J. E. Richardson, b Elliott	4
G. R. Sayer, c and b Elliott	11
P. Madar, c Booth, b Elliott	0
E. F. Fincher, b Mansell-Smith	12
A. C. Hamilton, c Coward, b Elliott	10
E. J. R. Mitchell, b Mansell-Smith	3
A. R. Minu, b Booth	7
A. H. Madar, c Barson, b Leach	59
G. C. Burnett, c Mansell-Smith, b Elliott	29
A. C. Beck, not out	16
W. Patterson, b Leach	7
Extras	22
Total	180

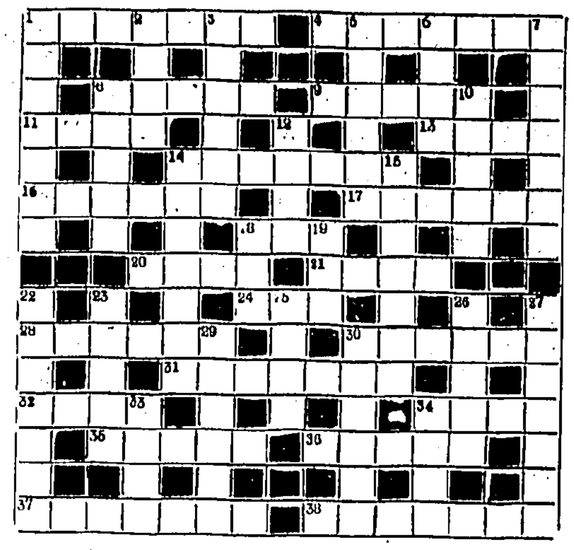
Bowling.—Elliott 5/27, Booth, 1/17, Isaacs 0/42, Divecha 0/14, Mansell-Smith 2/35, Stokes 0/1, Leach 2/22.

Shanghai.—2nd Innings.

C. G. W. Robson, b Minu	8
S. R. Kermani, b Beck	18
L. F. Stokes, b Minu	0
A. J. Barson, not out	17
D. W. Leach, b Hamilton	15

(Continued on Next Column.)

OUR BRITISH CROSSWORDS.



Across

1 Could not be closer.
4 Listen to the M.P.
8 Behead a bagatelle for something lethal
9 Here we sit in comfort.
11 The calf is lost in the valley.
13 Often applied to houses.
14 Both spotted animals and bivalves are.
16 Terminate an organ to ingratiate.
17 Live again.
18 The elisionist clears the hurdle.
20 A mixed necessity in Paradise.
21 This bird has gone twice without ten.
24 The Cockney desires your attention.
28 Foolish talk's bonnet is empty.
30 The middle of the bundle is useless.
31 8 across.
32 Natural aptitude.
34 A group of islands.
35 A 14 across lady.
36 An Irish poet would make it (anagrammatically) sincere.
37 Children put it before Chanticleer.
38 When applied to heating gives comfort.

Down

1 Having returned, the vehicle competes.
2 The muddled prevaricator can spread abuse.
3 When of the highest quality, this is its author's joy.
5 The operatic highwayman's desire.
6 Interference with the cash-box results in melody.
7 Matty did.
8 A famous one was associated with the son of Jacobus.
10 Confine.
12 Often blue.
14 The ukase joined the majority.
15 Re-a nange 4 across.
18 Indivisible.
19 18 across becomes venison.
22 Filled and emptied by Merrie Englanders.
23 Precedes the era of silk.
25 An excess of this leads to disaster.
26 What every dealer hopes for (as two words).
27 We send for this man only when all is not well.
29 Concerning an extremity.
30 The sweep's contribution to the artist.
33 Consideration for depreciation.
34 Consume.

Yesterday's Solution.

GLOUCESTER BUILDING

(THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.)

Hongkong's Fashionable Rendezvous

Old English Bar Overlooking the Harbour

MORNING COFFEE AND AFTERNOON TEA SERVED IN THE AIRY LOUNGE ON 8th FLOOR.

SPACIOUS DINING ROOM OPEN TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC FOR ALL MEALS. DELIGHTFULLY COOL. DISTINCTIVE APPOINTMENTS.

Single Rooms, Double Rooms and Suites, all with Private Bathrooms by the day or month. With or without Board.

Entertain Your Friends in the cool of the Evening on the Gloucester Terrace far above the City's Heat and Noise.

P. I. NEWMAN,
Manager.

Tel 28128.
Cable Address:—"GLOUCESTER."

"Economy does not consist in the reckless reduction of estimates: On the contrary, such a course almost necessarily tends to increased expenditure. There can be no economy where there is no efficiency." Disraeli.

To-day a wave of economy is obscuring the outlook of many of those at the helm in affairs of state and business and there is grave danger of capital being sacrificed on the altar of recurrent expenditure. A reduction of annual outlay is called for at whatever cost to capital. It is wrong but it is human. To economise on food or oil is dangerous. When buying milk or other foods it is generally realised that the best is wisest. It should be the same with oil. It is the lifeblood of machinery. The quality of Wakefield Castrol motor oils is incontestable in view of the many achievements standing to the credit of these aristocratic lubricants on land water and in the air. Owing to steadily increasing sales the price of Castrol is very reasonable. It should not be forgotten that Castrol gives you approximately 20% more to the gallon than other oils sold here. Castrol gives you the correct quality and quantity. It is not only British but best. It is sold by all garages.

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COMMENCING 23rd MAY.

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EVENING GOWNS

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SALE OF CROWN LAND.

PLOT AT TAI HANG ROAD GOES FOR $75,000.

Only one plot of land was put up for auction at the P.W.D. office yesterday, and this consisted of an area of about 30,000 square feet of land at Tai Hang Road.

The purchaser was Mrs. Lo Kengyee, and the price paid was $75,000, the upset price being $45,000.

M. J. Divecha, b Minu	5
R. S. Elliott, b Minu	2
R. Booth, c A. Madar, b Hamilton	14
W. Mansell-Smith, not out	0
Extras	3
Sevent wickets for	82

J. A. Isaacs and H. A. Coward still to bat.

Bowling.—Burnett 0/14, Minu 4/29, Beck 1/23, Hamilton 2/12, A. Madar 0/1.

MASSEUR R. SHIMIDZU.
MASSEUSE S. HONDA.
MASSEUSE S. KISAKI.

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MOSQUITOL
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COCKROACH POWDER

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In Magnum Tins.

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REX PORTABLE GRAMOPHONES

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PERFECT WORKMANSHIP

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Chater Road.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

1850

A NAME WHICH GROWS IN PRESTIGE WITH THE PASSING YEARS.

SEE OUR SPECIAL WINDOW DISPLAYS OF EMPIRE PRODUCE.

1932

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

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THE PHAETON

Certain to prove one of the finest looking phaeton models on the road. Full five passenger capacity. New features include: Cowl ventilator, Chrome plated handles on smart new hood ports. Weather-proof side curtains. Two deep, wide side pockets.

Price Complete with Bumpers, Spare Tire & Tube

HK$2,850.

VEHICLES MAY BE INSPECTED AT OUR STUBBS ROAD GARAGE

THE HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE.

The Hongkong & Shanghai Hotels, Ltd. Incorporated in Hongkong. Stubbs Road Happy Valley

DEATH.

BLAKE.—At Ditchling, Sussex, Gertrude Mary Blake, on 21st May, after long illness.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

TUESDAY, MAY 24, 1932.

EMPIRE DAY.

The Empire Products Fair, opened yesterday and being continued to-day, is the culmination of much hard work and careful thought. For the first time in its history, Hongkong is marking Empire Day by a striking exhibition of the produce of various parts of the Empire, including foodstuffs from our own New Territories. In this way, the attention of the public is being attracted to the varied and almost limitless resources of the British Commonwealth of Nations and of the smaller overseas possessions. What is more, by the opening of the Fair yesterday, ample opportunity was provided housewives of the Colony to arrange for Hongkong's participation in the "Empire meals on Empire Day" movement. Although Empire Day is being observed in other ways as well, the Fair represents the main effort, and in this connexion a warm tribute must be paid to the Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga, the Chairman of the Fair Sub-Committee, who has so wholeheartedly thrown himself into the task of organising the event. Only those in close touch with the movement can realise the tremendous amount of detailed work which this has involved. Happily, Mr. Braga's efforts have been enthusiastically seconded by a band of willing helpers, all imbued with the one idea of making the Fair a great success.

The "Buy British" campaign, of which this year's Empire Day effort in Hongkong is an offshoot, has yielded great results in the Mother Country and in the various Dominions. It is not, as some might suggest, aimed at belittling the trade of other countries. That is a superficial way of looking at the idea. Anyone with the least idea of economics must realise that trade between various nations is essential. The British attitude has just been succinctly stated by H.R.H. the Prince of Wales in these words:—"We are quite ready to buy from other nations what they can most economically produce, if they, on their part, will do the same, but we have got to go out and sell them what they want." At the same time, it is only human nature that there should spring up within the British family of nations a desire to foster the trade and industry of the Empire as a whole, based on the principle that where British products are available, they should be given the preference. There can be no reasonable criticism of that attitude. To this may be added the thought that, at any rate on the one day of the year which we give over to the contemplation of the Empire and all that it stands for, some special effort along these lines is fitting and appropriate. Here, in these ideas, will be found sufficient justification for Hongkong's determination to have a share in this great movement.

The real value of the Empire Products Fair, however, does not lie in the isolated observance of Empire Day. It possesses a deeper significance than that, namely, a reminder to the buying public that here in this far-distant outpost there are British goods always available. The concrete illustration of that fact which the Fair provides may be expected to impress on British people the full possibilities of aiding their own kith and kin and at the same time cultivate the habit of keeping the Empire in mind from one year's end to the other. In the past, very little has been done in Hongkong to bring to public notice the vast resources of the Empire. A beginning is now being made. From the Products Fair idea there may yet emerge a yearly display on an even larger scale, if not even a permanent exhibition where dealers may be brought into direct contact with those who seek to extend British trade in this part of the world. If this dream comes true, Empire Day, 1932, will deserve to be remembered as marking the start of a new era in this Colony, the headquarters of British trade and commerce in the Far East.

Russia and Japan.

While the appointment of Baron Saito as Japan's new Prime Minister has allayed many fears, the position of the military clique in the new regime has yet to be defined. It is not likely that they will surrender their bid for domination so easily and the probabilities are that the issue has still to be fought. All Japan's friends will wish success to the civil element, however grievous may have been its faults. When military leaders are in control of policy, they will take hazards which a civil administration would not venture to take. This is the case with the Japanese military, who, after having invited the imbroglio at Shanghai, seem to have courted trouble on the Manchuria frontier. Never before has there been such a concentration of Soviet troops in Siberia as there is now and there is every reason for it. For some time the Japanese military have been threatening the maritime provinces of Siberia and if the Japanese dare to overrun Manchuria, why should they not dare to cross the frontier; that is the reasoning in Moscow to account for the massing of troops. Japan's entry into Manchuria furnished in itself a challenge to Moscow. To all intents and purposes this territory is a Russian sphere of influence. How could it be otherwise when the Chinese Eastern Railway, cuts the area in two, is partly operated by the Soviet Government? In Japan's actions there has been no recognition of the Soviet's peculiar interests. After hesitating for several weeks, the Japanese finally decided to extend their operations to north Manchuria, and have ever since flouted the shadow of Russian authority in that region. So far, in spite of such serious provocation, Moscow's behaviour has been eminently correct. When most observers expected an invasion for the protection of the Soviet's property, the U. S. S. R. remained aloof, and announced that it would simply defend its territory. World peace will have been attained when such a proposition shall become the corner stone for world policy. Most governments would have responded to the challenge of the Japanese military on Manchuria soil. But by refraining, Moscow has created world sympathy for the Soviet case vis-a-vis Japan which Tokyo should not forget. Perhaps this realisation has already been noted and acted upon. At any rate, it does not appear that the Japanese military, wish any longer to invite trouble. The chief danger of an outbreak lies in the activities of agents provocateurs. North Manchuria teems with them. It is a tom tiddler's ground for White Russians, who would like nothing better than a Russo-Japanese clash, the upshot of which would probably enable them to regain a lost foothold in Siberia. Then there are such dubious agents as the kaleidoscopic Gen. Ma Chan-shan, who wears a Joseph's coat of allegiance, which in rapid turn has been pro-Chinese, pro-Japanese, pro-Manchukuo and pro-Russian.

DAY BY DAY

PERHAPS NOTHING WILL SO MUCH HASTEN THE TIME WHEN BODY AND MIND WILL BOTH BE ADEQUATELY CARED FOR, AS A DIFFUSION OF THE BELIEF THAT THE PRESERVATION OF HEALTH IS A DUTY.—*Herbert Spencer.*

***

Mr. D. A. Parrott, manager, Messrs. Sime, Darby and Co., Ltd., Ipoh, is in Hongkong for a brief holiday.

***

The annual ordinary general meeting of the Peak Tramways Co. Ltd., is advertised to be held at the Hongkong Hotel, on Saturday, June 4 at 11.30 a.m.

***

A young Chinese was yesterday sent to the Government Civil Hospital in an unconscious condition suffering from injuries received when he jumped from a moving tramcar in Des Voeux Road Central.

***

On Thursday next, at 5.30 p.m., H.E. Major-General Sandilands, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., is laying the foundation stone of the local Girl Guide Headquarters (at Garden Road, opposite the Cathedral), when all friends of the movement will be warmly welcomed.

***

In an attempt to commit suicide, a man named Chan Hi, aged 60, jumped into the harbour off Gloucester Road, near the new Police Station yesterday, but was rescued by an unknown boatman who was in the neighbourhood at the time. The man was later taken to the Government Civil Hospital.

***

Mr. J. D. Parkinson, of the China Light and Power Co., has reported to the police that whilst driving his motor car in Matauwei Road, yesterday afternoon, he knocked down a boy, Ip Chi-keung, who ran across the road. The lad was taken to the Kowloon Hospital, but his condition is not serious.

WUCHOW FIRE SCARE

PROMPT WORK SAVES SITUATION

Wuchow, May 22.

What threatened to be a severe conflagation occurred here at about 4 o'clock Saturday morning, when a blaze started in a small house situated on one of the smaller streets which intersect with the larger business thoroughfares.

The Fire Brigade promptly responded to the alarm, and before long had the flames under control. The fire was confined to two buildings, one of which was completely destroyed, and the other partially ruined. As far as could be ascertained there were no casualties, and the property loss was less than a thousand dollars.

Fortunately a heavy rain was falling at the time of the fire, which greatly aided the firemen in fighting the flames. The absence of a wind also facilitated matters. The locality where the fire took place is greatly congested and the street is narrow.

The Fire Department devoted part of Saturday afternoon to replenishing the supply of water stored in the cisterns which were emptied in the course of the fire fighting on Saturday morning. The city has installed a number of large, deep cisterns which are used to great advantage during fire outbreaks. By means of gasoline pumps and long stretches of hose, the water is drawn from the West River and carried to the cisterns, which are situated in several strategic locations.—*Our Own Correspondent.*

EMPIRE & WORLD FINANCE

A TORCH IN THE GLOOM

By C. PATRICK THOMPSON

RECENTLY Mr. Neville Chamberlain introduced a Budget which marked the rehabilitation of British credit and the restoration of the national finances. From it will date the end of free trade follies in a tariff-ridden world and the beginning of the era of scientific protection in the great island market, with closer economic co-operation among the component parts of the Empire. But perhaps the most remarkable thing about this historic Budget is that it did not open with the deficit of £150,000,000 forecast by the May Economy Committee last summer. On the contrary there is a small surplus.

Government acts alone are not responsible for this miracle. It is due to a new national unity and a political revolution of unexampled rapidity and effectiveness. Luck has played no part. Prosperity has not been a factor. The island people, by an heroic effort and an exhibition of political wisdom at which the world still wonders, has got out of one of the tightest corners it was ever in, emerged triumphantly from one of the toughest struggles upon which it has ever embarked. And all this has happened in just eight short months.

To obtain a correct view of the present situation it is necessary to recall the chief events in Britain over the last fifteen years and to review the crisis which came to a head in the summer of last year.

England went into the War with a public debt of £600,000,000. She emerged (thanks largely to her policy of borrowing on her credit and re-loaning to her War allies) with a public debt of £7,000,000,000, the world's largest. This colossal debt was shouldered by a population of under 50,000,000, who became—still are—the most heavily taxed people on earth. The American public debt is only £3,200,000. Nevertheless, in 1923 Britain funded her War debt to America at £900,000,000, and two years later she put the pound back on gold at the old par value of 4.8615.

The return of gold was made haphazard. No proper trading equilibrium between the various countries was established. Some countries had deflated (Britain was one), some had devalued their currencies and so relieved the Government of much financial strain (France and Italy were two of those). There was no general political agreement between the chief nations on the major world problems. The bank chiefs, and the Governments they advised and influenced, gambled on the decline of post-War nationalism in a degree sufficient to permit the smooth working of the international gold standard, which can only work properly in a world where individual States subordinate national policy to the general world tide. The failure of that gamble is now history.

BRITAIN, with her world trade, her fiancial contacts all over the planet, her dependence on invisible exports (profits from shipping and international banking, and dividends on her £4,000,000,000 of overseas investments) was inevitably the chief sufferer from the post-War disease of economic nationalism, with its system of high tariffs, gold hoarding, declining world trade, and falling prices.

Her producers and traders were hard hit by the return to gold at the old ratio in a period of falling gold prices. It put them at a disadvantage in world markets. Industry, besides, was staggering under labour troubles and high taxes. All the wealth-producing elements were working against brakes applied in all directions and all angles. So England slowly fell back until, with the stream from invisible exports reduced from £150,000,000 to a trickle, international trade freezing up, and the foreigner dumping his surplus in her unprotected home market, she lost her credit position and had to record an adverse trade balance of £400,000,000.

With revenues thus diminished she should have cut her national expenditure. Predatory politics prevented that. On the contrary, expenditure went on rising. It got to the point where it exceeded revenue. Philip Snowden, Chancellor of the Exchequer in the Labour-Socialist Government, opened the financial year of 1931-2 with a deficit of £23,000,000, not counting £36,000,000 borrowed for the Unemployment Insurance Fund. With £37,000,000 of new money to find he shook the trees and gathered the windfalls—£10,000,000 from anticipated income-tax revenue, £20,000,000 from the dollar exchange reserve fund, £7,000,000 from a 2d. on hydrocarbon oils.

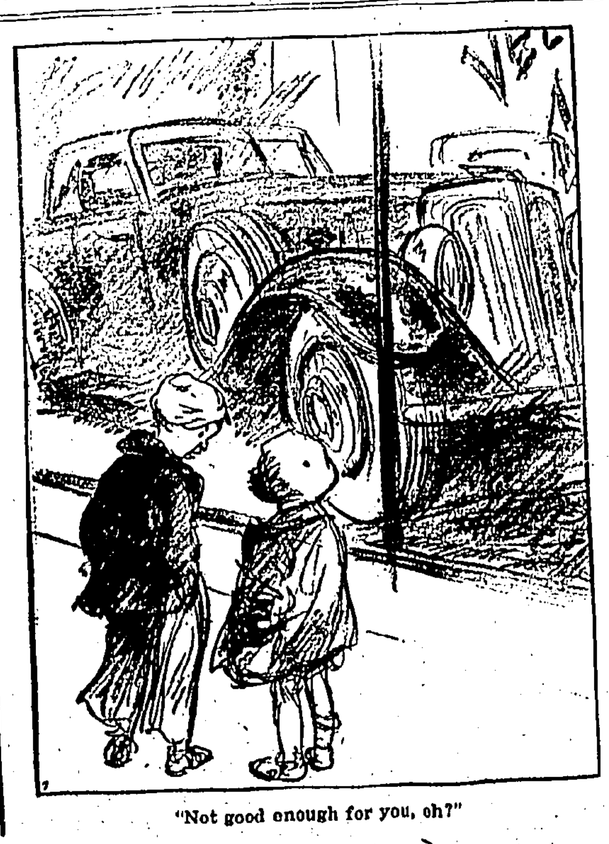
These methods of political cowardice and opportunism should have been denounced. But the opponents of the Socialists were in a quandary. Their own man, Winston Churchill—Cæsarian individualist, magnificent in some roles, but ill-suited, I think, at the Treasury—had set the example which Snowden followed. He also had shaken the trees and gathered the windfalls, evading the stern necessity for cutting expenditure and raising further tax revenue, putting off the inevitable day of reckoning. However, Snowden did go one better than the prodigal Churchill. He appointed an economy Committee to investigate the whole field of Government expenditure and make recommendations. Neither he nor anybody else at that time suspected that this apparently innocuous committee would turn out to be high explosive.

A Royal Commission on Unemployed Insurance made its interim report, recommending certain reforms in the finance of the bankrupt fund. The Labour Government pigeon-holed the report. Parliament adjourned for the recess. The sun shone, life went on, people made the most of the brief English summer. And then the May Economy Committee published its report. It calculated the deficit for 1932-33 at £150,000,000 and recommended economies totalling only £96,000,000, £66,000,000 of that being lopped off the dole.

The country was startled, but not half so startled as the watching bankers and syndicates of international speculators in New York, Paris, Brussels, and other strategic financial centres. The onlookers saw the position more clearly than the island folk who had it under their noses. Things were going from bad to worse. International trade was gradually freezing up; no sign of a thaw. England would feel the pinch with increasing severity. The army of jobless would rise, might reach 4,000,000. The cost of relieving unemployment, put by the official memorandum at a total cost during 1932-33 of £143,000,000 (Poor Law Relief apart), would soar. The taxpayers had to find £114,000,000 of that £143,000,000. Could they do it? The Government was already overtly borrowing £1,000,000 a week to meet its current expenditure. How long could it keep that sort of thing up?

The outside world, detachedly examining the figures, concluded that Britain was sliding with increasing momentum towards a great economic and financial smash. Further, it looked as if the moral fibre of the British people had become gravely impaired by their prolonged economic plight, and that the national accounts were dishonest in much the same way that the Kreuger accounts have been found to be dishonest; they misrepresented the real position and solvency of the concern. Everywhere abroad appeared streaming headlines announcing Britain's approaching bankruptcy. It was a great time for the "rats," the international bear syndicates who were subsequently to make colossal profits

(Continued on Page 7.)



"Not good enough for you, oh?"

EMPIRE DAY IN HONGKONG

SPECIAL CHURCH SERVICES

OTHER FUNCTIONS

Empire Day in Hongkong is being observed as a general holiday, advantage being taken of the occasion to hold a number of appropriate functions. These included special services at the Anglican and Catholic Cathedrals this morning, and the laying of a basket of flowers on the statue of Queen Victoria.

This afternoon, Mrs. Southorn is holding an At Home at Government House for the Girl Guides, while H. E. Major General Sandilands is entertaining Boy Scouts at Flagstaff House. This evening at 7 o'clock, the Hon. Sir Henry Pollock will broadcast an address on the development of the Colony during his residence here of over forty years.

The Empire Products Fair is being continued at the Peninsula Hotel all day, and is sure to attract large numbers of visitors. Warships in port have dressed ship for the day, while the Union Jack is much in evidence at business houses and private residences.

ENGLISH ROSES.

PLACED ON VICTORIA STATUE

A party of Sea Scouts and Girl Guides placed a basket of roses at the foot of Queen Victoria's statue this morning as their contribution to the Empire Day celebration.

Nine Guides and 10 Scouts under a Scoutmaster and two Guide Leaders constituted the party.

The basket was decorated with red, white and blue ribbons. The senior Sea Scout and Mrs. H. T. Creasy placed it in position.

Stepping back smartly, they saluted, descended the steps, and the ceremony was over.

ANGLICAN SERVICE.

EMPIRE IDEAS OF SERVICE.

Empire Day was observed at St. John's Cathedral this morning in the customary manner, by a special Empire Day service for children and young people which was largely attended, and which was conducted by the Dean. The Rev. J. N. Lewis Bryan, B. A., Senior Chaplain of the Forces, C. of E., gave the address.

The following schools were represented in the congregation:—Belilios Public, Central British, Diocesan Girls' and Diocesan Boys' Ellis Kadoorie, Garrison, Caji Road, Kowoon Junior, Peak, Quarry Bay, Yaumati, Wantsai, Queen's College, St. Stephen's Girls' College and St. Paul's College.

A special form of service was used which commenced with the Processional Hymn, "God, who conceals His glory" and which ended with the National Anthem and The Blessing.

THE PIONEERS.

In a brief address, the Rev. Lewis Bryan spoke of the tremendous heroism the men of England had shown in going out to the far parts of the earth and founding the Empire, saying that wherever the Union Jack was flying the banner of Christ was by its side.

The Empire had been built, he continued, with the ideals of service and sacrifice. The speaker dealt with service to the home with particular reference to children, service to school and service to the Church of Christ. Nothing in the world was worth getting, he said, unless it was obtained by sacrifice.

CATHOLIC SERVICE.

FATHER O'BRIEN ON EMPIRE.

The service at the Roman Catholic Cathedral was attended by children from various Catholic Schools and institutions of the Colony, teachers and Principals, and members of the public including Mr. G. P. de Martin, Director of Education. The Rt. Rev. Bishop Henry Valtorta, Vicar Apostolic, officiated, assisted by the Clergy of the Cathedral and Students of the Seminary. Fr. A. Rossello was the organist, accompanying the Cathedral Choir.

The service commenced with the rendering of "Un Addio", a Quick March, by the St. Louis Industrial School Band, The Choir of the Seminary sang "Ave Maris Stella", after which Fr. J. J. O'Brien, Chaplain to the Forces, delivered the Empire Day Address.

The Cathedral Choir afterwards sang "O Salutaris," Tantum ergo," and the "Adoremus". Benediction was administered, and the impressive service was brought to a close by the congregation joining in the singing of the National Anthem.

The schools and institutions participating were:—The 2nd H.K. Group of Boy Scouts (Catholic Cathedral); Garrison School of Hongkong; Students of the Cathedral Seminary; St. Joseph's English College; St. Joseph's Troop of Boy Scouts; Girl Guides; Docksin English School; St. Louis Industrial School (West-Point); Kai Lap Chinese School (Wanchai); Tak Yin School (Wanchai); Aberdeen Chinese School; Shaukiwan Chinese School; Cathedral Chinese School; Italian Convent; French Convent; St. Francis School (Wanchai); St. Mary's School (Kowloon); Holy Spirit School; Pui Tsin Chinese School (Italian Convent); St. Joseph's Terrace Chinese School.

WORLD ILLS.

Taking as his text the words from Psalm 126 "Unless the Lord guardeth the State he watcheth in vain who keeps guard over it," Father O'Brien stressed the necessity of penance and prayer to invoke the assistance of God towards a solution of the ills that afflict the Empire in common with the rest of the world. We see in the Holy Scriptures how merciful and powerful God was to deliver His Chosen People from their afflictions when they turned to Him in prayer and self sacrifice. His Providence still watches over all His creatures and it seems that there are times when He alone in His great wisdom and mercy can deliver them from the evils they have brought upon themselves.

EMPIRE FIRST.

The problems that face the world now seem beyond the power of any one nation or group of nations to solve, and it is eminently a time to seek God's aid in humble and earnest prayer. Patriotism and loyalty to the Empire under which we enjoy such a large measure of peace, security and liberty is a sacred duty of its every citizen, and to-day we ask ourselves how we can best fulfil that duty.

Let us by all means give preference to Empire produce in the wants of our daily life and so help to foster Empire trade.

OTTAWA PARLEY.

But above all let us pray for God's blessing on the deliberations of our Empire statesmen who meet at Ottawa in July—on the results of that Conference hangs the fate of the Empire. "More good is wrought by prayer than this world dreams of" wrote Shakespeare. So make a resolution to include in your daily prayers an earnest supplication that God may deign to guard our State, and guide our Empire Statesmen to such wise and just conclusions at the forthcoming Conference that they may benefit not only the Nations of the Empire but the whole world.

FLAG DAY HELD IN SHANGHAI

FOR MAIMED SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

(Telegraph Special.)

Shanghai, May 24.

Empire Day was celebrated here this morning, when Boy Scouts and Girl Guides attended at the British Consulate and raised the Union Jack.

This ceremony followed an inspection of the parade by Mr. J. F. Brenan, the Consul-General. The band of the East Lancashires was present and played the National Anthem.

To-day is also a flag day, small Union Jacks being sold for the benefit of limbless British soldiers and sailors.—*Reuter.*

SPANISH FLIER HELD UP

LEAK IN THE PETROL TANK

News has been received in the Colony to the effect that Senor Fernando Rein y Loring, the Spanish aviator engaged on a flight from Madried to Manila, who was last reported as having landed at Fort Bayard, is still held up.

The message states that his petrol tank has sprung a leak and that certain replacements will have to be effected before he can resume his flight. In this connexion it is understood that the airman has sent an order for spare parts to Hongkong and until these have been sent to him and fitted he will not be able to continue his flight.

There is a probability that the spare parts will be sent down by the s.s. Tongking to-day and should reach the aviator to-morrow. In that event, he will possibly start out for Hongkong on Thursday, weather permitting. The leak in the tank developed after the airman had left Fort Bayard for Hongkong, causing him to return.

One of the self-described kidnappers of the Lindbergh baby was reported to have met Dr. John F. Condon, at the spot pictured here to negotiate. It's a fence at a corner of Woodlawn Cemetery in Bronx, New York. Condon has been revealed as the "Jafsie" whose cryptic public notices in a New York newspaper were believed to have established communication with the reputed abductors and to have led to the payment of $50,000 ransom to no avail.

WORKERS' FATAL QUARREL

MAN SUCCUMBS TO INJURIES

In a moment of anger, following a dispute between two workmen employed by the Shun Yick Building Contractor Co., of Fa Yuen Street, one of the men struck his companion yesterday across the head with a trowel, causing injuries from which the victim died in hospital several hours later.

There appears to have been only one witness of the incident, a man named Mak Ping, aged 31, a coolie of the same concern, who has given the police his version of what occurred. He stated that whilst he and another workman, Chan Fat, the deceased man, were working on a house under construction, carrying earth from the ground floor to the third floor, Chan Fat was leading and on the third floor landing another workman, Yu Ming, was engaged in plastering work on a platform near the stairs.

Yu Ming was heard to inform Chan Fat that he could not pass up the stairs, as he would leave footmarks on a part which had just been plastered. Chan Fat replied that he would only require to pass on that one occasion. The plasterer, however, was insistent and a quarrel ensued between the two men.

It is alleged that Yu Ming, who was holding a trowel in his hand, struck Chan Fat with it across the skull.

Chan Fat was shortly afterwards seen to collapse and later taken to the police in an unconscious condition. The incident occurred at 9.15 a.m. but it was not thought necessary to take the man to the police until two hours later when his condition became worse. The man subsequently died at 9.15 p.m.

COMPANY REPORT

PEAK TRAMWAYS DIVIDEND

Subject to confirmation by shareholders, the profits of the Peak Tramways, Ltd., for the year ended 30th April, 1932, amounting to $59,702.51, together with the amount brought forward from last year, $15,883.13, totalling $75,585.64, will be allocated as follows:

Pay a dividend of 10% on 25,000 shares fully paid up, $25,000; pay a dividend of 10% on 50,000 shares $5 paid up, $25,000; transfer to Reserve Fund, $10,000; transfer to Reserve for Passages & Leave Pay, $1,000; and carry forward to next account, $11,585.64.

RUBBER PRICE COLLAPSE

TAPPING SUSPENSION IN D.E.I.

Batavia, May 23.

Tapping has been completely abandoned on two hundred and fifty-six rubber estates in the Dutch East Indies, while on a further 130 estates only partial tapping has been carried out, according to the Government's statistical bureau.

The total untapped area in the Dutch East Indies is 49,187 hectares, not including periodical tapping.—*Reuter.*

A TORCH IN THE GLOOM

(Continued from Page 6.)

bearing the pound sterling. Responsible bankers and statesmen seriously doubted the ability of the island people to overcome the problems confronting them. The masses, they argued, had been debauched by predatory socialism. For years they had been bribed indiscriminately by all political parties. They would never turn out the labour-leaders and back a strong Government with a programme of drastic retrenchment, including a cut in the dole and a clean-up of the whole dole administration.

BUT foreign opinion misjudged the temper and spirit of the British majority. After a spasm of anger with the May Committee—responsible, he declared, for the precipitation of the political crisis—Ramsay MacDonald shifted from a party to a national basis. Thomas and Snowden, the brains and character of the labour-socialist group, moved over with him. The remainder of the labour-socialists ignominiously bolted. Swift rally of the constructive forces of the State took place. Tories and Liberals composed their differences sufficiently to form a powerful alliance under the nominal leadership of the former Labour Party chief.

Snowden, with a freer hand, brought in a second Budget in September. It opened on a terrible note. The May Committee had been accused of over-painting the position. Snowden revealed that the world depression had upset his calculations. He had estimated the yield of tax revenue at £680,000,000. But the yield was going to fall short of that figure by £30,000,000. The prospective deficit would therefore be nearer £170,000,000 than £150,000,000. The current financial year would show a deficit of no less than £75,000,000.

To meet this the Chancellor proposed Draconian measures; reduction of the Sinking Fund, cessation of borrowing for the Dole and the Road Funds, retrenchments totalling £22,000,000, 6d. added to the income tax and its basis broadened.

Three-quarters of the £10,500,000 of new taxes were direct ones, cutting deep into the capital resources of the nation. No attempt was made to spread the burden more equably by even slightly taxing consumable commodities. For this Chancellor was a Socialist and a Free-Trader. Dole reforms were instituted, however, to save the Exchequer £36,000,000, in a full year. The sacrifices demanded of the unemployed were balanced by cuts in teachers' pay (£10,000,000), Defence services (£5,000,000), Ministers, judges, M.P.s, civil servants, soldiers police, sailors (around £5,000,000). It was terrific, staggering. But Parliament backed the Chancellor. It remained to be seen what the country would say.

LOOKING back, we see many of the politicans becoming unnerved as they think of what the country might say and do to them. They oppose the idea of testing the national opinion in an election. Some of their most powerful supporters outside, campaign against the "election folly." The watching world remains without confidence, sure that an election must come, sure that when it does come the masses in the democracy, and those great organized groups whose pay has been cut, will kick against these economies. Anything may happen.

At last the politicians made the plunge and went to the country for a mandate. To their astonishment the nation simply swept the Socialists out of existence and confirmed the Nationalist team with an enormous majority which left it almost without opposition in Parliament. Few had anticipated such a result. As so often happens, the patriotic spirit and dour, solid character and common sense of the people had been doubted and under-estimated by men whose callings and dealings have elevated them high above the crowd, but at the same time had made them worldly, doubting, cynical, and disposed to doubt the capacity of anybody for disinterested action, self-sacrifice, and self-immolation on the altar of the State.

Meantime problems which had appeared insuperable were dealt with in an astonishingly rapid and effective manner. Lloyd George was thrown over by his lieutenants and left high and dry, bewildered and astounded. Snowden was side-tracked in the Upper Chamber. To balance a strong protectionist at the Treasury, Walter Runciman, a shipping magnate and therefore a lifelong and natural free trader, was installed at the Board of Trade, where the controls of the new tariff machine were to be located. George May, the actuary and investment specialist who had written the Economy Report, was put at the head of the new tariff commission. Protectionist Minister and free-trade Minister were allowed, by virtue of a totally novel departure from established precedent, to blow off steam on the floor of the House, thereby reducing pressure and averting an explosion in the boiler house of the Cabinet Room. A great income tax drive brought in the money as no one thought it could be brought in; the secret being that the income tax payers, the most responsible element in the country, were solidly behind the National Government. The Bank and the Treasury agreed to go off gold, and did go off with neatness and dispatch, to the annoyance of the great gold hoarders and the joy of the entire British export trade.

AND the financial year, instead of ending with an enormous deficit, political chaos, inflation, rising prices, and a falling sterl-

(Continued on Page 11.)

RADIO BROADCAST

SIR H. POLLOCK'S TALK

7-12 midnight (Approx.) European Programme.

7 p.m. Stock Quotations, Mail Notice, etc.

7.3-7.17 p.m. From the Studio.

An Address on "Forty-Four Years of Progress in Hongkong" by the Hon. Sir Henry Pollock, Kt., K.C., LL.D.

7.17-8 p.m.

Selections by the Hollywood Bowl Orchestra conducted by Eugene Goossens M-40.
Carneval Overture (Dvorak)-The Fire Dance (de Falla)-March To The Scaffold from "Fantastic Symphony" (Berlioz)-Islamey (Balakirew)-The Sleeping Beauty-Ballet Suite (Tchaikowski).

8 p.m. Local Time & Weather Report.

8.3-8.30 p.m. A Concert.

Violin Solo-Caprice Viennois (Kreisler) Fritz Kreisler 6692.
Song-The Cuckoo (Liza Lehmann).
Song-Little Brown Owl (Sanderson) Mavis Bennett (Soprano) B2108.
Instrumental Trio-I Zingari (Leoncavallo).
Instrumental Trio-Mirage (Coates) De Groot (Violinist), David Bor (Pianist) and H. M. Calve ('Cellist) B3028.
Song-Bird Songs at Eventide (Coates).
Song-Little Lady of the Moon (Coates) Sydney Coltham (Tenor) B2742.
Piano Solo-In the Night (Schumann) Harold Bauer 6828.

8.30-9.05 p.m. Operatic.

Orchestral-Damnation of Faust (Berlioz)-Rakoczy March.
Orchestral-Samson and Delilah (Saint-Saens)-Bacchanale)
Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra conducted by Leopold Stokowski 6823.
Song-Sonnambula (Bellini)-Could I Believe.
Song-Sonnambula (Bellini)-Oh Recall Not Earthly Sorrow Marion Talley (Soprano) 6736.
Orchestral-Carmen Suite (Bizet)-Intermezzo and Les Dragons d'Alcala.
Orchestral-Carmen Suite (Bizet)-Gypsy Dance Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra conducted by Leopold Stokowski 6823.
Song-Don Quixote-Finale (Massenet) Feodor Challapin (Bass) 6693.

9.05-9.30 p.m. Hawaiian Music.

Kohala March.
Honolulu March
Frank Ferera and John K. Paaluhi B2417.
Love Dreams of Lula Lu.
Pearl of Hawaii
Frank Ferera and John K. Paaluhi B2316.
Kilima Waltz.
Hawaiian Waltz Medley
Frank Ferera and John K. Paaluhi B2360.

9.30-12 midnight (Approximately).

A Relay from the Peninsula Hotel of the Inaugural Dinner of the three new units of the Hongkong Volunteer Defence Corps. The A.S.C. Cadre-The A.A.I.A.-The Anzac Company.

1. Major C. M. Manners, O.B.E. will toast "The King."
2. Colonel L. G. Bird, D.S.O., O.B.E. will speak on "The Newly-Found Unit."
3. Major C. M. Manners, O.B.E. will speak on behalf of the A.S.C. Cadre."
4. Captain Champkin will speak on behalf of the "A.A.I.A."
5. Lieut. Robertson will speak on behalf of the "Anzac Company."
6. Lieut. Stone will toast "Our Guests."

(The Speeches will be followed by a musical programme, relayed from the Dinner.)

12 midnight (Approx).

Rugby Mid-Day Press News. Close Down.
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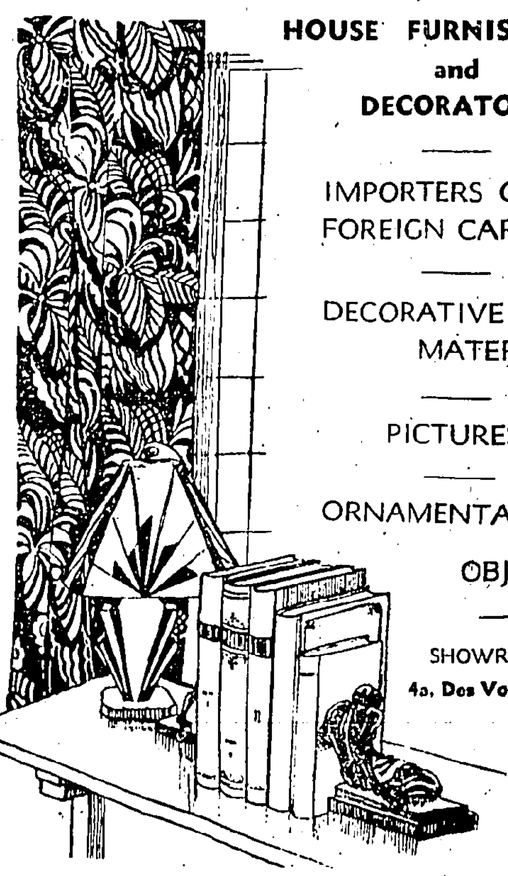

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SPORTS SEARCHLIGHT

BY VERITAS

BRITAIN TAKES UP WRESTLING

REVIVAL OF ONCE POPULAR SPORT

ALTHOUGH Britain is unlikely to send more than one or two wrestlers to the Olympic Games at Los Angeles this summer, and although the national standard of the sport here is not high it is permissible now to talk of a "boom" in British amateur wrestling. The advance has been in quantity rather than quality, but, still, it has been an advance, and the 1932 championships, were the biggest show ever staged by the amateur wrestling authorities in England. Small wonder, then, that there was a gleam of satisfaction in the understandably harassed eye of Percy Longhurst, honorary secretary of the National Amateur Wrestling Association. Longhurst and wrestling are interchangeable terms.

He has exercised a guiding hand in the game ever since the governing body was formed in 1904—before that date there were no definite rules controlling the unpaid side of the sport—he has stood faithfully by wrestling in its darkest hours and he, of all men, is entitled to some personal satisfaction on seeing a faint sign of dawn. Longhurst, with some associates who are as few as they are zealous, witnessed the dire fall of wrestling from public favour nearly a quarter of a century ago, but stood by faithfully and worked unremittingly to restore one of the world's oldest pastimes to something like its former prestige.

As with many another good sport, the introduction of professionalism in wrestling was responsible for both its rise to a high pinnacle of popularity and its descent into oblivion. When the war broke out in 1914, wrestling was slowly recovering the prestige it had lost among amateurs through the weird and wonderful exhibitions put on by mountains of flesh in quasi-theatrical bouts of doubtful honesty. The memories of some of the gigantic pre-war vaudeville maulers, and of the difficulty in determining, in their case, where serious competition ended and showmanship began, lingered persistently, and it was not until these discouraging recollections could be superseded by a knowledge of the game as it stands today that any measure of support could be gained. Even now, the general public does not appreciate the difference between genuine wrestling, which obtains little publicity, and the grunting-slapping-heaving shows that have been featured on London stages recently under the definitely misleading title of "all-in" battles.

WRESTLING IN THE UNITED STATES

As regards amateur wrestling, the United States offers a strong contrast to Britain. American universities treat it with all seriousness and give it a fairly prominent place in their sporting curricula. In English universities it has become well-nigh extinct (although Oxford and Cambridge now meet at ju-jutsu), and in the schools it is almost entirely neglected. Then, too, there are no professionals in "legitimate" wrestling, except in the North of England, and probably all who fail to pass the amateur gauge are "pros" only to the extent that they are willing to compete for money prizes if the opportunity occurs.

Wrestling is, of course, one of the very oldest athletic pastimes, but its antiquity is hardly more remarkable than its universality. In England, catch-can and Cumberland and Westmorland are the two styles over which the N. A. W. A. has jurisdiction; but on the Continent, the Greco-Roman method, in which weight and strength play a predominant part, finds most favour. The Cornish and Devonshire style, once famous, is nowadays hardly known. Ju-jitsu, the Japanese art of self-defence (the only genuine code of "all-in" wrestling), is practiced, in its mildest form, by quite a number of people, including many women.

BEST BRITISH WRESTLING AT GRASMERE.

But to see English wrestling at its best and in its normal setting one has to travel north. At the Grasmere sports, for instance—the great annual athletic meeting of the dalesmen—wrestling goes on from morning until night, amid the keenest enthusiasm. "Wrastlings," as they pronounce it, has always been part and parcel of the daleman's life and was indeed the direct inspiration of the Grasmere sports. Here, the wrestling is a continuous performance, to the accompaniment of musical selections by the brass band. The guides may race up the fell side, the dogs may circle the hills after the aniseed trail, and the jumpers may jump; but all the time, in the centre of the arena, the wrestlers are busy, in their bright-hued slips and tights. First, the contending pair will circle about each other in slow motion, then, as grips are made they seem to drop into a brief but peaceful slumber (sheer illusion!), from which they emerge suddenly as a whirling vision of arms and legs, sprawling to the ground. To people who know the game, these are seconds packed with drama.

Legend hath it that the City of London was founded as the result of a wrestling match between the two giants, Gog and Magog, whose effigies adorn the Guildhall. The story goes that in 1008 B.C., when England was overrun by Brute (a descendant of Æneas) and his giants, the forces resisting the invasion were reduced to one superheavyweight, Gog, who resided in Cornwall. For the Gog vs. Magog match, the rules appear to have been elastic, for it is told that Magog, after getting the worst of the opening exchanges, hurled his rival into the sea at the spot where Gog's rock is to be seen. To celebrate the departure of the first English championship overseas, so to speak, London was founded, and later Billingsgate was selected as a suitable site for the Temple of Peace. Rather more reliable, perhaps, is the written evidence that wrestling was a standard English sport in the twelfth and thirteenth centuries—which is quite a long way further back than most other games can claim to go.

NEW HEADQUARTERS FOR BRITISH TRACK SPORT.

British track and field athletics have, at last, found a worthy headquarters in London, with the reconstruction and renovation of the White City Stadium, which until this year had not been used for a meet since the Olympic Games were held there in 1908. Here the Oxford-Cambridge sports were decided on March 12, and the English Amateur Athletic Association's 1932 championships will take place on July 1 and 2. The new track, laid down under the supervision of Guy Butler, a former president of the Cambridge University Athletic Club who is now a professional coach, is considered by experts to be one of the very finest ever made. A feature of it, new to running paths in England, is the use of bavins to keep the clay subsoil from working into the cinders. This new idea, like many new ideas, is really an extremely old one, for the ancient Romans used a kind of twig, like bavins, for the making or roads. The surface is made of bright red shale. Inside the running track is a turf steeplechase course, and in various parts of the arena are sites for field events, arranged to conform with the latest international requirements. New dressing rooms are being built to accommodate 200 or more competitors.

An innovation which has quite put in the shade the mechanical measurer and the rapid sand levelling machine at the long jump pit is the robot pacemaker—a dummy figure worked by electrical machinery. What are the possibilities of this device, it is asked, in developing Britain's talent for the Olympic Games? They are hard to gauge. But a perfect pacemaker is obviously an aid to training, and the White City robot is most definitely the perfect pacemaker, controllable from a switchboard and capable of breaking all records by any margin desired.

LAWN TENNIS LEAGUE.

STARTING FIRST SATURDAY IN JUNE

The Hongkong Tennis League will start on June 6, when a full programme will be played. The following entries have been received for the various competitions this season:

Mixed Doubles.—Ladies Recreation Club, United Services R.C., Indian R.C., Kowloon C.C., Chinese R.C. and Club de Recreio.

"A" Division.—Chinese R.C., Hongkong C.C., Indian R.C., South China A.A. and Kowloon C.C.

"B" Division—Craigengower, Indian R.C., Army Tennis Club, University, South China A.A., Hongkong C.C., Civil Service, Club de Recreio, Kowloon C.C. and Chinese R.C.

"C" Division.—South China A.A., Indian R.C., Army T.C., Hongkong C.C., Club de Recreio, Kowloon Indian T.C., Filipino Club, Craigengower, Kowloon C.C., Radio Sports Club, Police R.C., Y.M.C.A., Civil Service, Graduates Association, University and Chinese R.C.

SETS WORLD MARK

Gene Venzke, who at the annual indoor games of the Millrose Athletic Association in Madison Square Garden, New York, raced the mile in 4:11 1-5, shattering the world outdoor record and setting a new American indoor mark.

FRIENDLY HOCKEY.

"WANDERERS" TO MEET TEAM FROM H.M.S. CORNWALL

The following will represent the "Wanderers" against H.M.S. Cornwall on the Marina Ground tomorrow at 5 p.m. sharp:—G. Duncan, L. A. R. Duncan, L. F. Nicholson, A. A. R. Botelho, H. J. D. Lowe, E. G. S. Dale, E. C. Fincher, W. A. Nowers, C. C. Francis, W. E. Williams, and S. J. H. Fox.

Nanking, May 23.

It is explained that the troops of the Twelfth Division, thinking that the motorboat in which Mr. Graham was travelling contained bandits fired at it. The bullet pierced his left shoulder but did not touch the bone.

Mr. Graham is now in hospital here, and is expected to be thoroughly all right in a fortnight.—*Reuter.*

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VARIETY AND QUALITY KEYNOTE OF EXHIBITION

OFFICIAL OPENING

VARIETY AND QUALITY are the outstanding features of the Empire Products Fair, opened at the Peninsula Hotel yesterday and continuing all day to-day. This, the first effort of its kind in Hongkong, is without doubt a tremendous success, auguring well for even bigger and more comprehensive displays in future years.

The venue is in every way ideal for the purpose, and the impression left on the large crowd of visitors yesterday was that the Fair was a Wembley in miniature. The striking displays of United Kingdom and Dominion products, as well as the excellent shows of New Territory other local produce, were greatly admired. Above all, patrons were surprised at the variety of goods of British manufacture of a type in which foreign products have hitherto largely held the field locally.

Good business was reported yesterday, and it is evident that the Fair will do a great deal in popularising British goods.

At an early hour on Sunday morning the whole of the ground floor lobby of the Peninsula Hotel had been cleared of the carpets and furniture and the lobby given over to the exhibitors. No time was lost in getting on with the preliminary arrangements for erecting the individual stalls. There were a number of coolies and the members of the technical staffs of the various firms interested in the Exhibition.

Work commenced in real earnest at 10 o'clock and continued until a late hour in the evening.

Amongst the first comers in the Exhibition lobby was Major B. Barrett, Far Eastern Representative, Morris Motors, Ltd. In conversation with a prominent member of the Fair Committee, Major Barrett was heard to remark that the value of the Empire Products Fair was amply illustrated by the fact that his firm had no sooner got their cars (three different models of Morris) into position at the Fair, than they received their first definite enquiry from a resident in the Peninsula Hotel at 8.45 a.m. on Sunday. By 9.30 a.m. the second definite enquiry was received from a party visiting Hongkong from the Philippine Islands, which is considered one of the most difficult markets for importing British products. Major Barrett is perfectly satisfied that this first attempt at an exhibition on a small scale in Hongkong, should be the forerunner of a proper exhibition on a larger scale in future.

A similar experience was related in connexion with the Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Co., Ltd., whose staging was one of outstanding merit.

Official Party's Arrival.

On arrival, His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government (the Hon. Mr. W. T. Southorn, C.M.G.) and Mrs. Southorn, who were accompanied by Capt. F. W. Webb, A. D. C., and Mr. J. Barrow (private secretary), were welcomed by the members of the general committee. A photograph of the group having been taken, His Excellency and Mrs. Southorn were escorted to the first floor lounge by the chairman of the Fair Committee (the Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga) and the secretary (the Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Shenton). When the official party arrived in front of the dais, the band of H.M.S. Cornwall played the National Anthem.

Those accommodated with seats on the dais were His Excellency, the Officer Administering the Government (the Hon. Mr. W. T. Southorn), Mrs. Southorn, H. E. Maj-Gen. J. W. Sandilands, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Commodore and Mrs. Walker, the Hon. Mr. E. R. and Mrs. Hallifax, Mr. H. Phillips, C.M.G., H. B. M. Consul-General in Canton, Lady Clara Ho Tung, Sir Henry and Lady Pollock, the Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Shenton, the Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga, the Hon. Mr. R. H. and Mrs. Kotewall, Mrs. A. H. K. Watson, and Major V. E. Duclos, Canadian Government Trade Commissioner. Messrs. E. Stopani Thompson and Hugh Braga were the ushers.

Behind this group and arranged in the form of a semicircle stood eight young girls representing the various units of the Empire. The central figure was Britannia (Miss Edith Hoare), on either side of her ranged Canada (Miss Madeline Walker), Australia (Miss Molly Wynne-Jones), New Zealand (Miss Margaret Henderson), South Africa (Miss Hazel Lauder), British India (Miss Vera Ruttonjee Desai), Hongkong (Miss Lo Pui Yew), and New Territories (Miss Fung Yun To). The European girls were attired in the uniform of Brownies, while the other three were in their national costumes.

Mr. Braga's Speech.

The opening speech was delivered by the chairman of the Fair Committee (the Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga) who, addressing His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, said:—"Interpreting the appeal of Mrs. Amery to Lady Peel in its broadest sense, the committee, appointed to organise and stage the Empire Products Fair in this Colony, has invited you to inspect the results of their modest efforts this afternoon, and His Excellency to declare this fair open as an aid and encouragement to the producers of this integral part of the British Empire to develop the resources of this Colony, in particular its food supplies.

In this respect the response given to the committee's invitation by the village elders of the New Territories has been most encouraging. It was the prompt and whole-hearted co-operation of the farmers of the widely scattered districts of the Territories and the fisherfolk of Cheung Chau and Tai O that has made it possible to gather together this collection which proves that the Colony can be in part self-supporting.

Since Lady Peel's departure, her mantle has fallen on the shoulders of Mrs. Southorn from whose enthusiasm and guidance the members of the Committee have derived inspiration.

Scope Broadened.

As the primary idea of a produce fair developed in the process of organisation, it was felt that the industries of the Colony should be suitably represented in the patriotic demonstration. In response to the wish, the committee cheerfully broadened the scope of the exhibition to include the products of the Colony's factories representing the results of British technical skill coupled with Chinese labour and local capital organised to promote industrial undertakings in the Colony.

The spirit of the Empire movement, however, did not restrict the outlook of the committee within what may be termed provincial limitations only. A broader view of the whole Empire was taken by including representation from the British Isles and from the Dominions so as to embrace Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa and the great Empire of British India. The Dominions' section of the fair, which enjoys the distinguished direction of the Canadian Government Trade Commissioner, is one of compelling interest, demonstrating in no uncertain manner the limitless capabilities of the Dominions in the matter of food supplies, whilst the continuous screening of Canadian motion pictures has an educative value of which, it is hoped, full advantage will be taken.

Generous Response.

British firms and companies in Hongkong have responded nobly in a generous endeavour to display the products of British manufacture. There are, besides, individual cases of liberality that have prompted donations to the cost of the fair. These donations coupled with the outstanding gift from the Government have enabled the committee to contemplate the financial side of the project without fear or misgiving. Guarantors to the number of over sixty have come forward from amongst Europeans and Chinese to help to defray the cost of the fair if need be. From the various branches of the Services—the Army and the Navy, and departments of the Civil Government, such as the Botanical and Forestry, the Police, the Kowloon-Canton Railway Administration, the District Offices (North and South), and the Broadcasting Studio—assistance in many ways has been forthcoming.

Your Excellency and our visitors will presently be asked to make a tour of inspection of our miniature exposition. We plead for indulgence in your criticisms. From first to last, all those responsible for assembling and staging the exhibits profess no expert qualifications. Indeed, they are in a literal sense veritable amateurs in the art of organising an exhibition. Amateur though their efforts have been, their enthusiasm was great, and the results of their combined efforts may yet lead in the future to an ambitious project, undertaken by a more qualified organisation, that will be a credit to the Colony and that will redound to the benefit and advantage of Empire and Hongkong workers and producers.

Striking Tableau.

Flanking the dais is a tableau composed of young girls designed to represent the British Empire. The central figure is, of course, Britannia. Each one stands for a distinctive unit of the Empire. There is Canada, Australia, New Zealand. There is the vast Empire of British India, and there is South Africa. In the eyes of the sons and daughters of Hongkong, this Colony occupies a large portion of the map of the British Empire and as an integral part of the Colonies she is represented by a little Chinese girl from Hongkong and another from the New Territories. At the conclusion of the addresses, the girls will tender to Mrs. Southorn, in testimony of loyalty and dutiful devotion, small offerings of the products of this Colony and of the Dominions, which typify the visible manifestation of our humble acknowledgment to Providence that we, too, are capable of contributing our part—however small—in producing articles of food for human sustenance.

In conclusion Mr. Braga thanked His Excellency for consenting to open the Fair.

MR. SOUTHORN'S SPEECH.

Officer Administering the Government on Use of Empire Goods

Addressing the gathering, Mr. Southorn said:

Mr. Braga, ladies and gentlemen,—I have to thank you for the honour you have done me in asking me to open this the first Empire Products Fair in Hongkong. It signifies the Colony's contribution to the great effort now being made throughout the British Empire to foster British Trade. I should like at once to correct any impression that our efforts to foster British Trade are in any way antagonistic to other nations.

As British subjects in a British Colony we are entitled to consider our own fellow country men first for nature has implanted in every right thinking man an instinctive affection for his native land, and in these difficult days our first duty lies towards our own people but we are confident that in improved trade within the Empire lies one of the main hopes of world regeneration. If we can restore trade prosperity to the Empire its effect will spread far beyond the confines of that Empire and will go a long way towards restoring that world-wide prosperity for which we have looked in vain for the last eighteen years. England has just embarked on the greatest change of its fiscal policy which it has seen for more than two generations and it is the duty of every British subject to do his utmost to make that policy a success.

Most of us were brought up in a Free Trade atmosphere and we may find it difficult to attune our minds to the new policy, but in loyalty to the momentous decisions of the British Government—decisions taken only after the most anxious thought for the welfare of our Empire—we must in our own small way in Hongkong be prepared to play our part in this effort for the restoration of the prosperity of the Empire.

From Small Beginnings.

Ladies and gentlemen, this large Empire Products Fair arose from very small beginnings, for it grew out of a suggestion from Mrs. Amery, Chairman of the Women's Committee for Great Britain of the Fellowship of the British Empire Exhibition that on Empire Day all British subjects should endeavour to consume only British food and drink.

Lady Peel enlisted the assistance of a Committee to consider how this suggestion could be carried out in Hongkong and from that moment a spontaneous enthusiasm has carried the scheme far beyond its original intentions. From a mere question of Empire Food on Empire Day it has grown into a miniature Wembley Empire Exhibition in which to show to the people of Hongkong that there is practically no human need which cannot be satisfied from some part of His Majesty's wide dominions. There was no narrow selfishness in the original appeal. It was not an appeal merely to buy goods made or produced in the British Isles. It was expressly laid down that first preference should be given to the produce of the British Territory in which one might happen to be living, and only thereafter should one seek the products of other parts of the Empire. Consequently I greatly rejoice to see the importance given in this Fair to the produce of Hongkong and its New Territories.

We consume in Hongkong far too many imported articles which could be produced within our own borders and I hope this Fair will show to the people of Hongkong what excellent material we have here, material which with the encouragement of an extended demand could be improved and increased to the great benefit of our farmers and manufacturers. From the breakfast egg to the sardine savoury, through the whole gamut of fish, flesh and fowl if not of good red herring, some local substitute can be found for the imported article.

Congratulations.

I congratulate the Empire Fair Committee on the great success which has attended their efforts. The result cannot fail to be gratifying to Mrs. Amery, who originated the idea, and to Lady Peel who did so much to encourage it, while we venture to hope that Her Majesty the Queen who has taken so keen and personal an interest in the movement may hear of our humble efforts in this Empire wide campaign

Where all have given so generously of their time and their enthusiasm it is perhaps invidious to mention names, but I cannot refrain from expressing our indebtedness to the Hon. Mr. Braga and the Hon. Mr. Shenton who have between them shouldered the main responsibilities of this Fair and have been the moving spirits of the organization. Special thanks are also due to Mr. Bush and Mr. Fung Ki Cheuk for arousing the interest of the New Territories farmers in the scheme, to Mrs. Dyer for her keen interest and help in various sections and to Major Duclos and Mr. Williamson for bringing the Dominions so closely into touch with the Fair. Mr. Hicks and Mr. Franklin have done wonders in propaganda, and I take this opportunity of thanking the Press for their generous co-operation and for the excellence of their articles on the British Empire which have relieved me of any need to dilate still further on its manifold resources.

Last but not least I wish to thank the Directors of the Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels Company, and in particular Mr. Taggart and Mr. Barry, for so generously placing the ground and first floor of this Hotel at our disposal today and for ready help in many other directions.

Ladies and gentlemen, there are many more whom we ought to mention but the list is a long one and time is passing. I trust they will forgive me if I conclude by expressing my thanks generally to all those members of the Committee and helpers who have contributed to the success of this undertaking.

I have much pleasure in declaring the Fair open and in wishing it every success in the furtherance of Empire Trade. (Applause).

Loudspeakers Installed.

By means of the Public Address System, installed free of charge by Arnhold's Radio Services, Ltd., the speeches were heard in all parts of the hotel building.

Presentations were made by the various units of the Empire to Mrs. Southorn, and tea was served.

Mr. and Mrs. Southorn inspected the Fair, being accompanied by the chairman of the committee and the Hon. Mr. Shenton.

TO HER MAJESTY.

The Hon. Mr. W. T. Southorn, Officer Administering the Government, sent the following telegram to the Secretary of State for the Colonies last night:

"The following telegram is forwarded at the request of the Empire Day committee for favour of submission to Her Majesty, the Queen. The Empire Day committee, formed in response to a communication from Mrs. Amery to further the interests of Empire trade, desire to express their humble duty to Her Majesty and to express their deep appreciation of the interest graciously taken by Her Majesty in the special efforts being made on Empire Day throughout the Empire to popularise Empire products, and, at the same time, to tender to Her Majesty loyal devotion to the Crown."

From New Territories.

The exhibits from the New Territories comprised 65 items, representing in weight 200 piculs, in addition to 5 ducks and 5 geese, hens, and one picul of fish. There were 120 doz. eggs. If it had been found necessary the quantity transported from the New Territories might easily have been quintupled. In addition to a large quantity of Chinese vegetables Lady Ho Tung sent small quantities of beans and English rhubarb from her experimental farm at Sheung Shui. The first lichees of the season from the New Territories were also on sale. The following is a complete list of the produce from the New Territories. Sweet potatoes, taro, ginger, potatoes, cucumber snake melon, po kwa, egg melon, bringals, white melon, tomatoes, long bean, chilies (pointed and round) sweet corn, green onion, Chinese onion, Chinese leek, Chinese green cabbage, bamboo shoots, papayar kau tsoi, turnips, beetroots, carrots, fresh mushrooms, water spinach, Chinese spinach, pak tsoi, kau tsoi, watercress, cabbage, cauliflower, ngan lee tsoi, marrow, green tea, kin tsoi, parsley, parsnips, French bean, pumpkin, lai chi, peach, peppermint, English bean, rhubarb, lettuce, green plums, small plums, yellow edge bean, ducks and geese, hens, eggs (duck and chicken), turkey eggs, water melon, yam, shun tsoi, pak kwa, vegetable marrow, ngau yau tau, dry bean curd, red cabbage, crabs, oysters, and rice.

LIST OF EXHIBITS.

Fair Divided into Six Sections.

The ground floor lobby of the Peninsula Hotel was divided into six sections—For New Territories Produce, Industries, Dominions, Poultry, Flowers, Motor Cars.

The Industries section was subdivided into 29 allotments for staging exhibits. The stalls, with their respective numbers, were allocated to exhibitors applying for them. The Sub-Committee was forced to decline several late applications for space after all the available reservations had been made.

The names of Exhibitors, their exhibits, and stall numbers are as follows:

Stall No. Davie, Boag and Co., Ltd., building materials; 2 Davie Boag and Co., Ltd., textile goods; 3 General Electric Co. of Cdina, Ltd., electric goods; 4 Arnhold Radio Services, Ltd., radio sets; 5 John D. Hutchison & Co., cigarettes; 6 Lane, Crawford & Co., Ltd., Mappin & Webb's silverware, sporting goods, etc.; 7 "Eunice", English fabrics evening gown; 8 "Eve", Dress Materials; 9 Frank Cole & Co., Australian Food Products; 10 Anderson Music Co., British radio sets and gramaphones; 11 Anderson Music Co., grand piano; 12 Robertson, Wilson & Co., Castrol; 13 Gestetner (Eastern), Ltd., duplicating machine; 14 Dunlop Rubber Co. (China), Ld., tyres and tubes; 15 Dunlop Rubber Co., sporting requisites; 16 and 17 Dodwell & Co., wines and spirits; 18 and 19 Imperial Chemical, Ltd.; 20 and 21 Reserve for New Territories produce; 22 and 23 Imperial Chemicals, Ltd; 24 Dodwel & Co., Canadian flour; 25 Dodwell and Co., Australian products; 26 Duro Pump & Engineering Co., "Marco" Refrigerator; 27 China Can Co., Ltd., printed tins and cans; 28 Reiss, Massey & Co., Imperial typewriter; 29 and 30 Dodwell & Co., Office Appliances; 31 Lane, Crawford & Co., silverware; 32 Gilman & Co., medical goods; 33 Gilman and Co., provisions and sundries; 34 and 35 British-American Tobacco Co., cigarettes; 36, 37 and 38 reserved for New Territories Produce.

Motor-Car Section.

Gilman & Co., Hillman and Humber cars; Dodwell & Co., Morris Cars; Hongkong & Shanghai Hotels, Ltd., Vauxhall Car and Truck.

A portion of the Flower Section was set aside for Rattan and Sea-Grass Furniture displayed by Rex Manufacturing Co.

Indian Coal was exhibited by Amritlal Ojha & Co., Ltd.

The Industries Section.

The lay-out plan of the industries Section was designed by Mr. Hugh Braga and adopted by the committee. It made provision for 38 stalls of a uniform size, with one exception. The regulation stands on which the exhibits were staged were lent by the military authorities. Through Col. A. H. K. Watson, A.D.S.T., the committee obtained the loan of 90 tables and 40 forms.

The exception mentioned was to the Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Co., which, at an early stage of organisation, applied for a space of 15' x 12' to permit an effective display of the company's products. The company started operations in Hongkong in 1884. Its activities are worldwide, and to-day its products are found wherever Manila hemp rope of the highest standard is called for. The British Admiralty and the leading steamship lines in the Orient are amongst the users. The company make three strand Manila Rope from ½" to 16" circ., including "unkinkable" boat falls in accordance with the requirements and specifications of the Hongkong Government Marine Surveyor, and four strand from 2" circ. upwards. The company uses special machinery for making oil drilling cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length. Most people who live in the Orient and have seen the cottage manufacturer at work imagine that the only machinery required for a rope factory is a twisting stick, and the only factory, an alleyway. A visit to the Hongkong Rope Factory would disillusion them.

Situated as the Company is near the source of supply of the best raw material for the manufacture of hemp cordage, for marine and agricultural purposes, and with the advantages of shipping facilities which Hongkong provides for direct transport of goods to all the principal ports of the world, the objects and aims of the original promoters have proved sound and fully justified by the rapid expansion of the Company's business.

Green Island Cement Company.

The Green Island Cement Company's exhibit was situated at the right-hand end of the lounge, opposite the lifts. Their main exhibit consisted of a large model of their works. The model is complete in every detail, and in it one could see the works manager's house, the co-operage and saw mill, the old and new packing houses, the offices, and beyond the offices, the old plant buildings. Behind the new packing house could also be discerned the Cement silos, and at the rear of the offices, the kiln buildings, the coal shed, and the limestone heaper.

The model is well made, and gives a real idea of this important company's enterprise.

The cement manufactured at the Green Island Cement Co.'s Works is of the highest quality.

Behind the model on a table is a case showing the raw materials used in the manufacture of Green Island Cement and the proportioning to the finished article.

Exhibits of methods of packing employed by the Green Island Cement Co. in the shape of casks, paper bags and gunny bags are also shown.

Model Robertson Ventilator.

Messrs. Davie, Boag & Co., Ltd., were represented by three departments. The firm's display consisted of building materials, textiles, and "Rickshaw" tea.

Robertson Protected Metal (R.P.M.) Products made by the Wolverhampton Corrugated Iron Co., Ltd., Ellesmere Port, Cheshire, consist of roofing in many forms and colours. Ventilators are also manufactured of this material. The exhibitors have built a scale model of a building in R.P.M. ventilated by a model Robertson Ventilator. The process of ventilation is demonstrated and results recorded by an anemometer fitted in the front wall of the building. The Robertson Ventilator Demonstrating Machine was in operation during the fair and visitors were very greatly interested to witness several types of ventilator's undergoing efficiency tests on flat and pitched roofs.

The Robertson V Beam Roof Decking is also shown. This decking weighs approximately 3 lb per square foot and has an insulating value equal to 12" concrete weighing over 100 lb per square foot.

The textile exhibit comprises cotton and wool yarns and fabrics produced in the mills of the British Manufacturers Export Association (Textiles) Ltd., and also bleached and unbleached embroidery linens from the Irish Linen Mills, Ltd., of Belfast.

Also on show are samples of "Rickshaw" Tea, from the Soovilla Gardens, Ceylon.

B.A.T. Cigarettes.

The British-American Tobacco Co. are exhibiting two brands of cigarettes known throughout the world as British products of unvarying quality. These are "Three Castles" and "Players." They are manufactured in England by British labour and have behind them a British reputation extending for over half a century. De Reszke, Abdullah, Gold Flake, Army Club and Prince Charming cigarettes are also exhibited.

Messrs John D. Hutchison represent the manufacturers in Hongkong.

Lane, Crawford's Exhibits.

Messrs. Lane, Crawford, Ltd., the leading British departmental store in the Colony, are making special displays of Empire products.

The firm owes its inception to a member of the British mercantile marine, whose sailing vessel traded to Hongkong in 1848. Owing to difficulty in obtaining supplies for his ship, Mr. Lane persuaded one of his friends, Mr. Crawford, to become his partner, and in 1850 these two men established the firm of Messrs. Lane, Crawford & Co. in a matshed on the harbour front of Hongkong.

The Company has been closely connected with the steady progress of the Colony, and records show that it has rendered splendid service on several occasions of emergency. In the very early days it came to the assistance of the Go-

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DOMINION DISPLAYS

CHOICE EXHIBITS FROM ALL PARTS

Just a faint idea of what the British Dominions can produce is indicated by the special displays in the cafeteria of the Peninsula Hotel. Luxuries and necessities—the choicest products of the far flung points of the Empire stand side by side. Naturally, the display is diminutive, but it is an indication of the potentialities of the various units of the greatest Empire of all the ages.

Canada.

Canada is fortunate in her Hongkong Trade Commissioner. Major V. E. Duclos is a man who realises the value of advertising and he is doing yeoman work for the country at the Fair. No amount of curious questioning troubles him. He points out the variety of canned goods and emphasises their worth. The visitor is not allowed to forget the salmon from the Frazer river. Flour, rolled oats and Canada's staple product, wheat, are all on show. An unsweetened milk, known to the trade as "Evaporated milk" is neatly packed in tins—airtight and guaranteed.

The brand "Aylmer" appears on most of the tinned and bottled products. Major Duclos explained that this was the brand of a firm which was brought into being when nearly 150 canneries combined. "Aylmer" brand is one of the best known in the Dominion and already enjoys a large export trade.

Australia.

Australia, unfortunately has not a trade representative in Hongkong. The products of her orchards, her vineyards, her canelands and wheat fields, her pastoral and agricultural country are unknown here.

The Australian exhibit was therefore nothing like a true indication of the country's resources. Overproduction is already a serious problem in Australia while in the East is a huge market just crying for exploitation.

The country's wines are represented by the products of Seppelts. Jams, canned fruits and other preserves from the H. L. Jones' canneries form an attractive offering and bags of flour from a number of mills are stacked on one side.

A large export trade in Australian flour is now being done with the East but not so great that it could not be materially increased. The flour exhibit was therefore both interesting and valuable.

New Zealand.

The most southern outpost of the British Empire has built up a remarkable reputation during the last 10 years for the quality of her mutton and dairy products. As the "Kangaroo" brand has made Australian butter famous on British markets, "Anchor" brand has set the standard of New Zealand butter. The demand for New Zealand butter has grown enormously in the last 60 years. From 1871 to 1880, butter was worth £123,995 to the Dominion. From 1921 to 1930 it had reached the colossal figure of £167,408,298 and was still rising. The figures for 1931 alone set the annual value of New Zealand's butter at £16,478,383.

One "Anchor" product which caused some inquiry was "Ankoria," a food for babies. Keller, Kern and Co. are the local agents.

South Africa.

South Africa's representation was in the hands of Mrs. J. B. Newill, who has evinced special interest in the section appertaining to the country from which she comes.

The South African display includes, among other things, wines imported by Messrs. Caldbeck, MacGregor and Co. There is a very fine dry champagne known as the "Dry Dominion" comparable to any foreign champagne imported into the Colony. Sold on this market is the world-famed "Drakenstein" hock. This hock has been made and used in South Africa for the past 100 years and is of a quality second to none found in this market. The "Claret Shower" is claimed to be superior to any "vin ordinaire" table wine.

Messrs. A. S. Watson and Co., Ltd., are exhibiting a famous liqueur—"Van der Hun." It has been made in South Africa from peaches since the very early Dutch days at the Cape. The liqueur has a pleasing flavour.

Cigarettes made of South African tobacco and coal from Natal complete the exhibits in the South African section.

The stall was very tastefully decorated with the South African colours—orange, white, and blue.

OPEL
For Motoring Satisfaction.

HONGKONG'S EMPIRE PRODUCTS FAIR AN IMMENSE SUCCESS

(Continued from Page 9.)

vernment when an attempt was made to poison the troops, and in later years it was Lane Crawford's waterboats which brought water from Kowloon Bay, and kept the Colony provided during the very severe drought of forty-seven years ago.

To-day the modern shopping centre provides the Colony with a splendid variety of goods, the considerable scope and extent of which can only be comprehended by visiting the various departments. Roughly ninety per cent. of the firm's merchandise is Empire produce, and the firm are fortunate in holding several valuable agencies for leading British manufacturers, including British Ropes, Ltd. (steel wire rope); Cutler Palmer & Co. (wines and spirits); Robert McNish & Co. and Daniel Crawford (whiskey); Dobbie McInnes & Clyde, nautical instruments; Archibald Eadie & Co., Ltd., (paints and oils); Gourock Ropework Co., (canvas and rope); Lincoln & Bennett, (hats); Mander Brothers, (olsina water paint); Mappin & Webb, Ltd., (silverware); A. G. Spalding & Bros. (sports gear); J. & R. Tennent, Ltd., ("T" beer and stout); Lotus and Delta Shoes.

At the Fair can be seen an exquisite display of Mappin & Webb's silverware and plate, the Gourock Ropework Co.'s canvas, Spalding's sports gear, and other splendid examples of British manufacture, all of which have been given worldwide recognition as the best of their kind obtainable.

"Eunice" and "Eve."

An interesting stall in the Empire Fair is that of "Eunice" the English dress designer. It consists of a beautiful drape of exquisite English fabrics, and an original evening gown, the details of which were kept a secret until the Fair opened. The stall itself is built in simple modernistic style in silver and black. All materials used are Empire products. There is also a special display at Eunice's saloon in the Peninsula Arcade during the Fair.

The popular "Eve" establishment in the A. P. C. building on Queen's Road is reproduced in miniature at the Fair.

Dairy Farm Co.'s Products.

The Dairy Farm, Ice & Cold Storage Co.'s products hold pride of place in Hongkong. Appropriately, the Company has an extremely attractive and artistic display. The following lines on the stand reserved for the Company must be sampled to be appreciated:

From England, Mid York Pork, English Hams; from Scotland, an Ayrshire veal calf dressed according to London fashion, fillets, haddocks and kippers, (Scotch cured); from Ireland, Irish bacon; from Canada, Red Spring salmon from the Fraser River, Kippers, Cheese and butter from the central provinces; from Australia, Butter, Cheese, Meats (including mutton, lamb and sundries), Rabbits, Hares; from New Zealand, Canterbury lamb; from Hongkong, fresh milk from Ayrshire and Canadian cows, Cheese, home made from whole milk, Hams and other delicacies which can be classed as Empire Products by virtue of having been made in Hongkong and containing nothing imported from without the Empire.

"Marco" Refrigerator.

The "Duro" Pump and Engineering Co. is exhibiting a working model of "Marco," which the Company claims "is Refrigeration at its Best—and British." The luxury of yesterday becomes the necessity of to-day—and adequate home refrigeration, once a luxury is now of the utmost importance. Food hygiene demands a refrigerator. Quietly, economically, the Marco Refrigerator gives the perfect refrigeration which does away with food spoilage, safeguards health, makes menu-planning easy, and becomes the perfect servant of the home.

The "Gestetner" Stand.

There were two models exhibited at the Empire Products Fair yesterday; they will be there to-day. The "Gestetner" Duplicator produces automatically under the supervision of a junior employee, circular letters, plans, forms, maps and illustrated headings. Mr. L. H. Moorman or his assistant will be pleased to give a demonstration to interested persons.

Arnhold's Radio Services.

Arnhold's Radio Services Ltd. are displaying two radio sets. They are the "McMichael" and the "Pye."

The McMichael Colonial Supersonic Shortwave receiver is all-British and spans the seven seas. The highest possible efficiency has been reached in the amplification of signals received between 19 and 90 metres. There are no coils to change as all the coils are enclosed in a "Coil Box" on which is engraved a tabulated list of wave lengths against dial readings. In the same "Coil Box," facilities for receiving local stations on the 250-500 metres are also enclosed.

The "Pye" is enclosed in a really superb portable cabinet of high quality and finish. The circuit includes five valves and is the last word in radio engineering. All parts are of the best and British to the smallest detail. The enclosed aerial does away with poles or wires, and the tone is equal to many of the larger and more expensive console models. The Pye is essentially a long and extra-long wave receiving set.

China Can Co., Ltd.

The China Can Co., Ltd. was started last year and is the only one of any size manufacturing lithographed cans in South China. The company's exhibits include 10 tea cans, 1 oil can, 22 talcum powder tins, 30 crown corks, 2 sawing boxes, 1 enamel container, 3 decorated match holders, 1 decorated tin calendar, 16 medical product cans, 10 decorated signboards, 3 worm tablet containers, 35 lb biscuit tins, 11 bottles caps, 4 soap cases, and 5 round ointment cans with friction caps. These are all lithographed. Two 1-lb ink containers, 2 5-lb ink containers, 2 medical product cans, and 8 rectangular chemical product containers are plain.

Frank Cole & Co.

Frank Cole & Co., a firm of importers, exporters and manufacturers representatives in the French Bank Building, represent among other manufacturers, the Conqueror Condiment Co., Sydney, N.S.W. They are showing Conqueror Brand pickles, white onions, brown onions, mustard pickles, mixed pickles, Oriental pickles, and Chutney, T. W. Draper & Co., Ltd., Sydney, displayed mayonnaise, sandwich Relish, mustard, and beef extract.

"White Wings" Products are represented by Three-Minute Shredded Oat Meal, cream milk, self raising flour, wholemeal self raising flour, X.T.C. wholemeal breakfast flakes (Ecstasy), rolled oats, fruit jelly crystals, fruit saline powder, fruit cordial extract, double strength baking powder, natural custard powder, "I-sova" cake icing, sno-form, fruit flavering, household essence, and Oranj and Lemon Nova. These products are manufactured by H. L. Bussell & Co., Ltd., Australia. An additional line from the firm of Cole & Co. is Joyce biscuits.

Anderson Music Co.

The brothers J. E. and Wm. Anderson, representing the Anderson Music Co., who supplied the large collection of musical records for the Fair, have on view. One "Chappell" grand piano, "Columbia" gramaphones, portable radios, records and record carriers and needles "Eddystone" all wave receivers, shortwave kit sets, "Echo" receivers, Linguaphone Language Records, "Cathedral" strings, pegs, bridges, tuning forms, and sheet music.

Rattan and Sea-Grass Furniture.

Through lack of space the products of the Rex Manufacturing Co. could not be displayed in the Industries Section. Room was found for their rattan and sea-grass furniture in the Flowers Corridor. The Company's display consists entirely of rattan and seagrass furniture which they are shipping to all parts of the Empire.

Indian Coal.

As in the case of rattan furniture samples of the best coals of purely Indian origin were on view in the department set aside for flowers. These coals are imported by Messrs. Amritlal Ojha & Co., colliery proprietors, and general merchants.

The Empire Fair heralded among other things the introduction of a new beer to Hongkong. Resch's Pilsener has for years been recognised as one of the best beers manufactured in the southern hemisphere. In Australia, it enjoys almost universal favouritism and now Hongkong is to taste what Australians have drank and enjoyed for years.

Resch's Pilsener is sold in quart and pint bottles, attractively labelled and attractively priced.

Mr. John T. Cook of Gilman's who is in charge of the exhibit is enthusiastic about the quality of this new beer. He reported that large orders had already been placed and this seemed a happy augury for the future sale of Australian beer in Hongkong.

Side by side with Resch's beer stands the finest product of the South Australian vineyards, Seppelts wines. Year by year, the overseas demand for Seppelts products has grown. Connoisseurs affirm its excellence and the lover of good wine invariably calls for more. The Port is mellow and wonderfully satisfying; the Sparkling Hock gives an exhilarating feeling and the Great Western Burgundy is a joy forever.

Chateau Tanunda Brandy, used extensively in Australia for medicinal purposes, is also enjoying a strong local demand.

A. S. Watson and Co.

The products for which A. S. Watson and Company are Hongkong agents fill a prettily decorated stall. British beauty preparations are cleverly exploited in this display and the fastidious lady will find all her requirements here. Elizabeth Arden's beauty preparations and Yardeley's famous products have pride of place.

Watson's local preparations are also exhibited and their favour with Hongkong women was shown yesterday by the keen demand for them.

G.E.C. (China) Ltd.

The General Electric Company (China) Ltd. have a remedy for hot weather discomforts in their attractive display. Electric fans sold by this company experience a keen demand during the summer months. The electric kettles and coffee containers are also a blessing to the house-wife. Osram bulbs, wireless sets, electric irons and torches are included in the interesting exhibit.

Imperial Chemical Industries.

Imperial Chemical Industries occupy a prominent place in the Fair, and their exhibits included a great variety of British manufactures. One section is given up entirely to dyes and dyed cloths. A good selection of dyestuffs in tins is on view and the assortment of Caledon cloth is a feature. These Caledon cloths are guaranteed fast to light and washing. All the cloth on display is dyed and printed by the China Printing and Finishing Co., Ltd., Shanghai.

Section 2 of the same firm's display is mainly devoted to polishes, which included Brasso (brass polish), Silvo (silver metal polish), Cherry Blossom boot polish, Mansion Polish for floors and Min Cream (for pianos, gramophones and other furniture with highly polished surfaces). Housewives will find Rickett's bag blue a very useful article in the household. It puts a final touch in the washing of white clothes. Rickett's bath cubes are now rapidly replacing expensive bath salts. There will also be found in Imperial Industries' stand such indispensable goods as Colman's mustard and rice starch. Such substantial articles of diet as Waverley Oats, Robertson's patent barley and patient oaths, are on view.

On an adjoining stall the enterprise of Imperial Chemicals is responsible for a collection of samples of soda ash, refined bicarbonate of soda, "Crex" (the new soda for household purposes), caustic soda, and sulphate of ammonia, which is so well known amongst farmers and garden lovers.

Sportsmen will find special interest in a stall set apart for Nobel's ammunition of all sorts for small arms, Messrs. Stuart and Lloyd's tubes and victaulic joints. Other lines for which I. C. I. are responsible include, Cobalt oxide for producing a blue colour in porcelain; Boot's saccarin which is known to be 450 times sweeter than sugar; Croid glue, Cascade glue, ice-proof labelling glue, roller composition for printers, powdered gelatine used extensively in the confectionery business and lightning fasteners, known as "Zip" fasteners.

BRITISH CARS.

A Display of Attractive Limousiness.

Visitors to the Fair will find the motor-car section along the spacious, western corridor of the Peninsula Hotel with entrances from Salisbury, Hankow and Middle Roads. Half-a-dozen cars of all-British make compel attention from prospective buyers.

There are on view a Hillman-Minx car. It is a small car of 10 h.p., capable of a mileage of 30-35 on one gallon of petrol. This is not a "Baby" car as there is ample room for four 6-footers. This Hillman-Minx car is entered by Messrs. Gilman & Co., who are the Hongkong agents for Hillman cars and also for Humber-Snipe cars, a model of which is also on show. The Humber-Snipe is an exact replica of the one recently bought by H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.

Vauxhall Motors.

Overseas motoring demands are notoriously at variance with those of "homeside", and it was therefore of the greatest interest to the motoring community the world over when the firm of Vauxhall Motors, Ltd., concentrated their attention on a special Overseas Model, and produced the "VX" Cadet.

While many factors called for consideration, their greatest concern, and most creditable step, was to provide an abundance of engine power. The wisdom of this must appeal irresistibly to all motorists of experience. The power unit employed is a six cylinder o.h.v. engine with four bearing crankshaft and four bearing camshaft. Rated at 26 h.p. developing power on a scale concommittant with its efficient design, one has at one's command an engine that will deal effortlessly with Hongkong's not inconsiderable gradients for years without calling for irritating and costly attention.

Different models are on view in the west corridor, and demonstrations will be most willingly accorded. Prices are available at the stand and provide another most attractive aspect.

Another innovation on the part of Vauxhall Motors Ltd., is the production of the Bedford Truck. This is a powerfully constructed commercial vehicle of 2 tons capacity.

The Hongkong & Shanghai Hotels, Ltd., represent Vauxhall Motors, Ld., in Hongkong.

Morris Minor.

Messrs. Dodwell & Co., Ld., are the local agents for Morris Car Manufacturers. It had been the company's intention to exhibit two units, one each of the firm's largest and smallest cars. Unfortunately the Isis—the larger unit—could not be taken in, the door space being too narrow. The Morris Minor is the smallest machine on show.

THE AVRO-AVIAN.

Well-Known Light Aeroplane On Exhibition.

One of the most unique exhibits at the Fair is an Avian Cirrus Hermes 'plane exhibited on the lawn in front of the hotel. The Avian is one of the best-known British machines and has a long list of records to its credit. The Cirrus has a maximum speed of 100-105 miles an hour and a cruising speed of 90 miles an hour. There are two cockpits each fitted with controls. The loaded weight of the machine is 1,523 lbs.

All the latest safety devices are fitted, and representatives of the Far East Aviation Company, who are agents for the machine will be pleased to explain its many features to interested persons.

POULTRY EXHIBIT.

Utility Breeds in Many Classes.

A poultry show is something new to Hongkong and the novelty was appreciated at the Empire Fair yesterday. On the right-hand ground floor balcony some fine specimens of fowls were exhibited. Utility birds were to the fore and a few particularly handsome fowls excited interested comment.

This section was under the control of Mrs. R. M. Dyer and Mr. J. A. S. Alves. These members of the Committee received the congratulations of a large number of visitors for the splendid collection of the finest poultry that has ever been assembled in the Colony for exhibition. The birds were all exhibited in separate coops to the design of Mr. Alves who, assisted by his daughters and their friends superintended this section of the Fair. The young lady helpers are the Misses Alice Lopes, Molly Remedios, Mercedes Alves, Marie Alves, and Angela Alves.

Mr. Alves's experience of poultry keeping in Hongkong has extended over a number of years. He is the author of a pamphlet entitled "Poultry Keeping in Hongkong and the New Territories," with suggestions for successful rearing of the better strains of poultry. The pamphlet is very neatly compiled and is sold at the Fair at 40 cents a copy.

Lady Peel appears prominently as an exhibitor with two white Wyandotte yearlings, originally from Canada. These birds are a good type of the breed they represent. They are reputed to be good winter layers.

Mrs. R. M. Dyer is exhibiting a lovely collection of Wyandottes, ex Canadian stock consisting of one cockerel and three pullets, all hatched here and about five months old. One pullet especially is a picture of the breed and will give persons interested an idea of a true type. The pullets are already laying and for such heavy breeds this can be considered exceptional. The cockerel is fully up to size and weighs a shade over 5 lbs. In single-comb white Leghorns, Tom Baron strain, ex Canadian stock some very good birds can be seen. That the original birds were selected and passed by Prof. E. A. Lloyd, secretary of the Record of Performance Co-operative Association of British Columbia Poultry Breeders, before shipment, is a guarantee that something out of the ordinary is being exhibited.

Mr. E. J. de Figueiredo is exhibiting a cockerel and two pullets of Tom Baron strain Canadian stock from a hen with a record of 304 eggs in her pullet year.

The Lion Head Farm, owned by Mr. E. L. Pinguet, is exhibiting a cockerel and a pullet. These are also Tom Baron strain ex Canadian stock. The birds are barely five months old and are quite attractive.

Mr. A. A. Lopes, of Kowloon Tong, has an attractive collection and his exhibits consist of Tom Baron Leghorn (Canadian stock) and Plymouth Rocks (Barred) in grown-up birds and chicks as well. The Plymouth Rocks are offered for sale.

Mr. F. M. L. Soares is showing a number of Canadian Leghorn cockerels, three months old. They are good looking birds and are offered for sale at reasonable prices.

White Leghorn is a favourite amongst farmers all over the world, and as a commercial bird it is second to none. Mr. J. M. d'Almada Remedios has a rare pen of Black Minorcas, original Canadian stock, consisting of one rooster and two yearlings which are for exhibit only. This breed are layers of large eggs.

The "Sunny" Farm is showing a large collection of White S. C. Leghorn baby chicks which are offered for sale. From the same farm there are exhibited one rooster (Leghorn) and three yearlings with high-laying records. There is also a complete line of accessories which help to make the poultry farm a success.

PIGEONS AT FAIR.

Mr. Logan's Fine Display of Birds.

Visitors to the Empire Fair yesterday were interested in two cages of pigeons displayed by Mr. J. R. Logan. The birds come from the Layton Aviary, Layton, London.

Mr. Logan has been an enthusiastic breeder of pigeons for many years and has supplied birds to Indian potentates and many people in the Far East.

One cage of the birds is for sale. They are locally bred and have long distance flights to their credit.

Pigeons were popular in Hongkong many years ago but for some unknown reason they gradually fell from favour. A suggestion was made yesterday that a pigeon fanciers' club should be formed locally and encouragement given to the sport.

CANADIAN PICTURES.

Typical Scenes of the Great Outdoors.

An interesting feature of the Empire Products Exhibition and Fair was the continuous screening of Canadian motion pictures, supplied for the occasion by the Canadian Government Trade Commissioner.

The machine and equipment for projecting these pictures were supplied by Hongkong Amusements Ltd.

The films were produced in Canada by the Canadian Government Motion Picture Bureau, which is a branch of the Department of Trade and Commerce of the Canadian Government. They comprise intimate, accurate and interesting studies of typical Canadian institutions, sporting activities, scenery and the primary industries.

The reels shown included: "Gentlemen Cadets," "With Gun and Dog," "Winter Sports in Old Quebec," "Ride 'em Cowboy," "Nimrods In Duckland."

Special seating arrangements were made for those desirous of seeing these pictures. Full advantage was taken by the public of this opportunity to become acquainted with some aspects of life in Canada.

The pictures were shown continuously from 5 p.m. to 10 p.m. and to-day they will be shown continuously from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and from 2 p.m. to 10 p.m. All visitors to the British Empire Products Exhibition and Fair are invited to attend. No charge for admission is made.

PLANTS & FLOWERS.

Variety a Feature of Display.

An amazing variety of tropical plants and flowers are exhibited on one of the ground floor balconies. Under the supervision of Mr. Andrew Tse it has been pleasingly arranged and gives a satisfied feeling to the aesthetically-minded.

There is a profusion of exquisite blooms, delicately patterned caladiums and gladioli, rare orchids, ferns, gerberas, hydrangea, fuschias and palms. The cream of Hongkong gardens is represented in the imposing array.

Mr. Tse has been assisted by Mesdames R. M. Dyer, J. T. Bagram, Hoare, F. Howard, Misses P. Scott Harston, F. Schroter, L. Tse and M. Loureiro.

BEHIND THE SCENES.

Success Due to Committee Enthusiasm.

For any function to be successful, an energetic committee with live-wire executives is essential. The Empire Fair was an unqualified success. It follows logically, therefore, that the committee in charge of arrangements did its work well.

To the Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga and the Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Shenton goes the lion's share of the credit. Others who did splendid work are Mr. J. D. Bush and Mrs. Chas. Tetzel (Hon. English secretaries), Mr. Ng Sing Chi (Hon. Chinese Secretary), Messrs J. T. Bagram and Andrew Tse (Joint Hon. Treasurers), Lady Ho Tung, Mesdames R. M. Dyer and E. Cock, Major V. E. Duclos, and Messrs. J. A. S. Alves, H. Green, B. M. Hawkins, C. M. Manners, S. H. Strange, E. Stopani-Thompson, E. H. Williams, S. T. Williamson, Chan Kam Po, Chiu Kam To, Chung Loy Hop, Fung Fook Fung, Fung Ki Cheuk, Leung Tak, Li Yau Tsun, C.B.E., Liu Chouk Nam, Lui Yum Shuen, Ma Iu Ting, So Dow Shan, T. P. Tong, Tung Hing Tong, Tang Pak Lau, Tang Wei Tong, Tang Yau Shan and Tsoi Po Tin.

Donations Received.

The committee are grateful for the following donations received to defray the cost of the Fair:

Hongkong Government, $1,500; British-American Tobacco Co., $100; Lady Ho Tung, $50; X. Y. Z. $50; Dunlop Rubber Company (China), Ltd., $50; China Light and Power Co. (1918), Ltd. $50; Green Island Cement Co., Ltd. $50; Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Co., Ltd., $50; Gilman and Co., Ltd., $50; Mrs. Charlton, $20. Total $1,970.

Mr. Tsoi Po-tin bore the cost of the poultry coops.

Guarantors.

The following persons subscribed to the Guarantee Fund: The Hon. Sir Henry Pollock, K.C., Sir Robert Ho Tung, Lady Ho Tung, Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Shenton, Mr. J. P. Braga, Hon. Mr. R. H. and Mrs. Kotewall, Hon. Sir Shou Son-chow, Hon. Mr. S. W. Tso, O.B.E., Mrs. R. M. Dyer, Mr. Ho Kom Tong, O.B.E., Mr. E. H. Williams, District Officer (North), Mr. B. M. K. Hawkins, District Officer (South), Messrs. H. Green, Fung Ki Cheuk, J. T. Bagram, T. P. Tong, S. H. Strange, M. K. Lo, J. S. MacLaren, Lo Cheung Shiu, M. W. Lo, M. H. Lo, Horace Lo, Dr. K. W. Chaurn, Mr. Tang Shiu Kin, Dr. Arthur Woo, Dr. K. C. Yeoh, Dr. Ma Luk, Messrs. H. S. Iu, Ho Leung, Ho Kwong, Ho Ki, Ho Wing, H. S. Chen, Arthur A. Lopes, Woo Fookping, G. Sims, C. M. Manners, T. E. Terry, J. D. Bush, Andrew Tse, Simon Tse, Tang Pak Kau, T. N. Chau, W. Zimmern, A. Zimmern, Chiu Kom To, Lo Yum Shu, Chan Kam Po, Tang Wei Tong, C. Tetzel, Tsoi Po Tin, Tang Quan Son, Tang Chiu, Leung Tak, Fung Kong Un, Robt Shewan, Messrs. Shewan, Tomes and Co., Mr. F. P. Franklin, Lady C. Ho Tung, and Mr. S. T. Williamson.

Committee's Thanks.

The following statement was made last night on behalf of the committee:

The committee received immense assistance from firms and individuals for transportation, free of charge, of produce and visitors from the districts of the New Territories to the Peninsula Hotel. But for this generous help the financial burden would have been greater than the committee could contemplate without some misgiving.

The committee tenders its sincere thanks for free travel from the Northern Districts of the New Territories for two hundred farmers and others visiting the Fair, to the Managers and Traffic Superintendent of the Kowloon-Canton Railway, to the China Motor Bus Co., Ltd., and to the Kowloon Motor Bus Co; to the Hongkong and New Territories Ferry Co., Ltd., and to Mr. Li Yau Tsun, C.B.E., for transporting fish and passengers from Cheung Chau and Tai O. Mr. Li Yau Tsun generously provided a junk for bringing over fresh fish. The following lent their trucks and lorries free of charge:—The China Light and Power Co. (1918), Ltd., the Hongkong Engineering and Construction Co., Ltd., the Kam Hing Knitting Factory, Mr. C. M. Manners, Mr. S. M. Wong, Mr. Fung Ki Cheuk, and the Public Works Dept.

The committee writes to thank the "Star" Ferry Co., Ltd., Hongkong Tramways, Ltd., and Messrs. Millington, Ltd., for displaying the Committee's posters free of charge; the King's Theatre and Hongkong Amusements, Ltd., for screening short notices of the Fair, and the Broadcasting Committee, their programme secretaries and announcers for the series of special announcements at midday and evenings.

The liberal assistance from the English and Chinese newspapers has been invaluable. The advertisements and articles drew public attention to the Fair in a manner that resulted in the large number of people attracted to the Fair. The co-operation of the Managing Director of Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels, Ltd., and the management of the Peninsula Hotel have been factors indispensable for the success of the Fair.

It remains for the Committee to thank Commodore Walker, R.N., and Capt. G. H. Knowles, D.S.O., R.N., for permission for the Band of H.M.S. Cornwall to play during the afternoon; and also the band of the Peninsula Hotel.

A word of thanks is due to the police from whom very efficient service was received. The Committee, in conclusion, desire to thank the China Light and Power Co. (1918), Ltd., for services generously rendered without payment.

OVERSEAS LEAGUE.

A BRIEF REVIEW OF WHAT IT IS DOING

To-day, when the thoughts of Britons throughout the world are centred on the Empire to which they belong, is a fitting occasion to place before the public some information about an institution that exists solely to encourage Britons to a greater consciousness of the responsibility that is theirs as members of one of the greatest political systems of the world. As Professor J. Coatman recently said in a talk from the B.B.C.—"The British Empire is one of the great forward movements in human life leading on to higher and better things. If we who belong to the British Empire have the vision and the determination, we can make our Imperial association not only an example, but a pioneer for other peoples towards partnership and co-operation in those things that make for human welfare."

Mr. (now Sir) Evelyn Wrench, inspired by the teachings and example of that greatest of Empire builders Cecil Rhodes, had that "vision and determination" and founded in 1910, after years of hard preparation, the "Overseas Club" which claimed immediate success amalgamating with the "Patriotic League of Britons Overseas" to become the "Overseas League," with a present day membership of over 45,000, scattered throughout the world. The League aims to draw together in the bond of comradeship British subjects the world over, to encourage individual service to the Empire, to maintain the power of the British Empire and hold to its best traditions, and has for its creed. "Believing the British Empire to stand for justice, freedom, order and good government, we pledge ourselves as citizens of the British Commonwealth of Nations, to maintain the heritage handed down to us by our Fathers."

Growing Membership.

The League does not rest on its laurels, for year after year the membership grows, and commodious premises are opened in various cities of the world. It already has club houses in London, Edinburgh, Glasgow, Liverpool, Belfast, Paris, New York, Cape Town, Halifax, Sydney, Melbourne, Adelaide, Buenos Aires and Montevideo and members visiting any of these centres are assured of a warm welcome. In Vernon House, London, the headquarters of the League, situated in the heart of club-land, they find a unique focus from which their activities and enjoyments can radiate. It has been deservingly called "the most popular club in London" for it can offer accommodation and facilities that fear no comparison with the oldest or most select club in the metropolis.

Inclusive in the modest annual subscription is a monthly magazine styled "Overseas", of which one hears nothing but praise, and there are travel bureaus, migration bureaus, rambling sections, etc., all formed in service to members.

There are nearly four hundred members of the League in Hongkong, and they showed their enthusiasm at a recent gathering at the Helena May when the hall was filled to capacity.

A representative of the League is in attendance at the Empire Fair at the Peninsula Hotel, and will supply the fullest information on request, or the local Honorary Club Secretary, Miss D. W. Westland, may be communicated with c/o The Helena May Institute.

ENTERTAINMENT.

Not Neglected by Fair Committee.

The entertainment of visitors was not forgotten by the Empire Fair committee. During the afternoon, a well-balanced programme of band music was supplied by the band of H.M.S. Cornwall, conducted by Mr. E. N. Williams.

The Peninsula Hotel Band also rendered pleasing selections.

The Anderson Music Co. Ltd. lent a collection of instrumental and vocal Empire records, made by the Columbia Company. The music was broadcast to all the public rooms of the Hotel by Arnhold's Radio Service Ltd.

At night the exterior of the Hotel was picked out in red, white and blue lights, presenting an imposing sight from the harbour.

A gala dance was held in the hotel. Even here the Empire spirit was predominant. Special menus, displaying Empire products only, were prepared for the supper.

Dancing continued until 2 a.m.

OPEL

4's — — 6's

FOR QUALITY

Hongkong & South China Representatives for the following British manufacturers.

BRITISH INSULATED CABLES, LTD. Helsby & Prescot.	Wires, cables and all Electrical Specialties.
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WINGETS, LIMITED Warwick.	Concrete & Road making Machinery of all description.
ANDERSON, GRICE & CO., LTD. Carnoustic-Scotland.	Stone Working Machinery, Saws, polishing beds, cranes, etc.
INDIAN STANDARD CARRIAGE & WAGON CO., LTD. Calcutta.	Railway Materials, under-frames, etc.
BRUNTONS, LIMITED Musselburgh.	Steel wire ropes for all purposes.
MOFFATS, LIMITED Weston, Ontario.	The all Electric Cooker Specialists.
ELECTROLUX, LIMITED London.	Domestic Refrigerators & Vacuum cleaners.
W. T. LAMBOURNE & CO. London.	Beltings for all purposes, conveyors and transmission.
ALUMINIUM (V), LTD. Montreal.	Anything in aluminium.
SHERINGHAM DAYLIGHT CO. (1930), LTD. Slough, (England).	Light Rectifying, Reflectors.
BRITISH BELTING & ASBESTOS CO. London.	Brake Linings & Asbestos sheets packing, etc.
BITULAC, LTD. Newcastle-On-Tyne.	Bituminous Paints.
ASSOCIATED LEAD MANUFACTURERS EXPORT CO., LTD. London.	Red & White Lead, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipes, etc.
STRATHCLYDE PAINT CO., LTD. Glasgow.	Paints.
ANDREW YULE & CO., LTD. Calcutta.	Oils, etc.
TATA IRON & STEEL CO., LTD. Calcutta.	Pig Iron, etc.
"ITALIT" PRODUCTS, LTD. London.	Asbestos-Cement Sheets & Pipes.
SINGAPORE RUBBER WORKS, LTD. Singapore.	Rubber goods tiling for floors.
ANGLO-SIAM CORPORATION, LTD. London.	Timber, etc.
HARRIS & SHELDON, LTD. London.	Steel Partitions, Vaults, Shelving, etc.
CHANCE BROS. & CO., LTD. Birmingham.	Calorex Glass.
T. & R. BOOTE, LTD. Burslem.	Wall & Floor Tiles.
Wm. NEWMAN & SONS, LTD. Birmingham.	Builders Hardware.
ANGLO-CANADIAN LEATHER CO. Huntsville, Ontario.	Sole Leather.
NOSKE BROS. PTY., LTD. Melbourne.	Flour.
MANGROVITE BELTING, LTD. Sydney.	Sole Leather.
SCOTT & BOWNE, LTD. London.	Scott's Emulsion.
M. MYERS London.	Ivory.
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A TORCH IN THE GLOOM

(Continued from Page 7.)

ing exchange, ends with a surplus, sterling strong, the trade outlook much improved, unemployment substantially reduced, foreign balances pouring in as the conviction grows that Britain is the safest country to-day and Britain's political and financial prestige standing higher in the world than they have stood at any time during the last decade.

What does the world think now? It is instructive to observe what Mr. Walter Lippmann, one of the most distinguished and balanced publicists in America, wrote in the *New York Herald Tribune* on his return from a tour of the chief European centres:

"To come to London to-day after visiting the Continent is to find oneself in a different mental world. The mood of the Continent, it has seemed to me, was essentially fatalistic; men feel themselves in the grip of forces that are beyond their control. . . . But in Great Britain there is a different feeling. These islanders have worked themselves up to a pitch of high confidence in their power to manage events. They are, I imagine, the only people in the capitalist world who actually feel that they can make large plans and carry them out; that they are the masters, to some degree, of their own destiny. . . .

"Their internal confidence is reflected back to them from the Continent. Not only is there a return of funds into sterling and a general bullishness about Britain, but also there is unmistakable evidence of an enormous recovery of political prestige. The real measure of British prestige is that on the Continent all the Scandinavian countries, Italy, and Germany, are moving within the orbit of British economic and financial action. There can be no question whatever as to the reality of the British influence in Europe.

"The position of last summer, when it almost seemed as if London had ceased to command, that Paris was supreme, no longer holds. Paris is still very powerful, but Great Britain has resumed its ancient position among the Powers of Europe."

HAVING cleared the national ground, cleaned up her politics, and equipped herself with a tariff machine, Britain's main tasks now lie in the international field and in the realm of imperial affairs. For she is based on the world. Her mony has flowed out over the whole earth to fertilize the field of world trade. She is the world's biggest holder of foreign securites. She cannot prosper on the basis of a narrow economic nationalism.

Her policy now of closer economic co-operation with the other countries composing the British Commonwealth of Nations will broaden the mother country's basis and help to promote freer world trade and a solution of the great world monetary and economic problems. British Governments since the War have gambled on the expectation of an international policy by other countries. That gamble has been pursued right up to the edge of national bankruptcy. Now, the vision of tariff truce has faded like a pipe dream in chatter at Geneva. By their new policy of national tariff and closer imperial co-operation the British people are moving formidably into the stream of world realities.

The tendency is clear. Nations want to live their own lives in their own way. But because the planet has become in reality a single economic unit, because agricultural capacity, transport facilities, and the productive power of machines have grown so swiftly and hugely, the various States are moving towards economic mergers. America has long been a great free trade area containing forty-eight States. A free trade area is projected for the Danubian States. England at last is taking the logical course of constructing a bigger economic system of her own by bringing the component parts of the empire into closer economic co-operation.

AT Ottawa one of the possibilities is the creation of an Empire sterling currency system. In any case something eventually has to be done about the pound. Sterling is wonderfully stable. (The proper way to measure the stability of sterling is to relate it to its general purchasing power, and not, as the sensational popular Press does, to the ratio between it and gold-standard currencies; variations in the exchange being due partly to shifts in the value of gold and partly to market mistakes and miscalculations). The failure of the pound to maintain its old gold value has not stifled Britain's commerce with the far corners of the globe. On the contrary, it has stimulated it, particularly in the East; and it has brought out the vast gold hoards of India. The move off gold was a constructive one.

But it is the leading international counter. In every corner of the earth, people in every walk of life are interested in sterling. For the chief method of settling international accounts for generations has been through pound credits; and neither the dollar nor the franc is taking the place of sterling even now.

British interests in the end, therefore, must be served by a reversion to an international monetary standard which will anchor sterling and all other currencies. A "managed" currency, advocated by some economists, contains too many dangers to win the approval of experienced bankers. Mr. Chamberlain has expressed a personal preference for a metallic basis, with "something" to help gold out. He might have said "silver instead of "something," were it not undiplomatic to talk too openly about the rehabilitation of silver in advance of the definite inter-Governmental negotiations for which this British Government is waiting. The rehabilitation of silver will enormously stimulate Britain's trade with the East, which is on a silver basis.

TIED to gold, Britain sought an international monetary conference anxiously and urgently. The great gold hoarders, out for their own advantage, refused to come into one. Off gold now, Britain can afford to sit back and wait for the growing troubles in the gold countries to induce a more reasonable and accommodating mood. Time was England's enemy. Now time plays on her side.

Meantime, while business in the island is not good, it is better than almost anywhere else in the world. Mr. J. M. Keynes, indeed, pronounces England the most prosperous of all countries to-day. It does not say much for the others, but it says much for England, which so short a while ago looked weak, failing, finished.

Dying old Clemenceau looked from his Biscay coast farmhouse over towards the enigmatic little island in the north Atlantic and shook his head pessimistically. "Something," he said, "has gone out of them." But his eye was dim. That something—the fundamental quality which has enabled the island people to write the greatest chapters in the story of mankind so far—had not gone clean out of them. It had only gone to sleep, and now it has once again been aroused.

A SHIPLOAD OF FUN
IN AN OCEAN OF LAUGHTER
Commencing THURSDAY at the

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CALCUTTA	KUALA	SHANGHAI
CANTON	KANGSAR	SINGAPORE
CAWNPORE	KUALA	SITIAWAN
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HANKOW	NEW YORK	TSINGTAO
HARBIN	PEPING	YOKOHAMA
HONGKONG	(Peking	ZAMBOANGA

Foreign Exchange and General and Fixed business transacted.
Current Accounts opened all Fixed Deposits received for one year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

J. STUART,
Manager.

Hongkong, 17th August, 1931.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Capital (fully paid up) .....Y. 100,000,000
Reserve Fund .....Y. 117,800,000.00

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Hankow	Osaka	Tientsin
Harbin	Paris	Tokyo
Hongkong	Peiping	Tsingtao

Interest allowed on Current Accounts.
Deposits received for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application.

H. MORI,
Manager.

Hongkong, 21st May, 1932.

THE HO HONG BANK, LIMITED
(ESTABLISH 1917).

Authorised Capital	Straits	$20,000,000
Issued Capital	"	8,000,000
Paid-up Capital	"	4,000,000
Reserve Liabilities of Shareholders	"	4,000,000
Surplus	"	2,528,000

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Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

TAN ENG HOOI,
Manager.

BANK OF CHINA.

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Subscribed Capital $25,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital 24,710,000.00
Reserve Funds 8,820,505.82

HEAD OFFICE:—SHANGHAI.

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Owing to our numerous branches in China and large connections in the important commercial centres of the world, we are able to extend to our clients special facilities for domestic and foreign banking and exchange.
We also handle the issue of Bonds and other Public Funds of the Chinese Government both at home and abroad.

SHOU J. CHEN,
Manager.

I.I.D. CERTIFICATES.

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Authorised Capital $50,000,000
Issued and fully Paid-up 20,000,000
Reserve Funds:—
Sterling $8,500,000
Silver $10,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ...$20,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.
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IPOH	SUNGEI PATANI
JOHORE	TIENTSIN
KOBE	TOKYO
KOWLOON	TSINGTAO
KUALA LUMPUR	YOKOHAMA

Current Accounts opened in Local Currency and Fixed Deposits received for one year or shorter periods in Local Currency and Sterling on terms which will be quoted on application.
Hongkong, 6th April, 1932.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

The Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.
FOR THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

V. M. GRAYBURN,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 27th February, 1932.

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HEAD OFFICE: 55, Wall Street, New York.

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits. US$225,503,775.69

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Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit. Travellers Cheques, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers brought and sold. Current accounts and Savings Bank accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.
We are also able to offer our Customers the services of the Branches of the International Banking Corperation in Spain and also of The National City Bank of New York, (France) S.A., in Paris and Nice.

R. M. McLAY,
Manager.

Hongkong, 4th March, 1932.

NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL MAATSCHAPPIJ, N.V.
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Authorised Capital .....Guilders 150,000,000
Paid-Up Capital .....Guilders 80,000,000
Reserve Fund .....Guilders 40,015,000
Head Office:—AMSTERDAM.*

Eastern Head Office:—BATAVIA.

BRANCHES:—Bandjermasin, Bandoeng,* Bombay, Calcutta, Cheribon Djember, Djokjakarta* The Hague,* Jeddah, Kobe, Makassar, Medan, Palembang, Pekalongan, Penang, Rangoon, Rotterdam,* Samarang,* Sheungkai, Singapore, Soerabaia, Soerakarta, (Solo), Tegal, Tjilatjap and Weltevreden.*

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London Bankers:—National Provincial Bank Ltd.
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BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION TRANSACTED.

A. STOKKINK,
Manager.

Hongkong, 1st December, 1931.

THE BANK OF CANTON LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1912.

Head Office:—Hongkong.

Authorised Capital $11,500,000
Paid-Up Capital 8,625,000
Reserve Fund 1,150,000
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HECTOR 8th June For Marseilles, London, Rotterdam & Glasgow

LIVERPOOL SERVICE

ATREUS 3rd June For Liverpool & Havre

NELEUS 20th June For Genoa, Havre & Liverpool

NEW YORK SERVICE

RHEXENOR 11th June For Boston, New York & Baltimore via Philippines, Port Swettenham & Singapore

PACIFIC SERVICE (via Kobe & Yokohama)

IXION 4th June For Victoria, Van'ver & Seattle

TANTALUS 24th June For Victoria, Van'ver & Seattle

INWARD SERVICE

ACHILLES Due 24th May For S'hai, M'ji, Kobe, Yoko, & Vladivostock

AENEAS Due 30th May For Shanghai, Tsingtao, Taku & Dairen

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For freight, passage rates and information apply to the undermentioned.

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San Francisco via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu.
Chichibu Maru .....Wednesday, 1st June.
Tatsuta Maru .....Wednesday, 15th June.

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Hikawa Maru .....Tuesday, 24th May.
Hiye Maru .....Tuesday, 7th June.

London, Marseilles, Antwerp & Rotterdam via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.
Fushimi Maru .....Saturday, 28th May.
Hakozaki Maru .....Saturday 11th June.

Sydney & Melbourne via Manila & Ports.
Kitano Maru .....Saturday, 28th May.
Atsuta Maru .....Saturday, 25th June.

Bombay via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.
*Tottori Maru .....Sunday, 29th May.
Kaga Maru .....Saturday, 11th June.

South America (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico & Panama.
Bokuyo Maru .....Thursday, 7th July.

New York, Boston via Panama.

Liverpool via Saigon, Port Said, Beyrough, Istanbul, Piraeus, Genva, Marseilles & Valencia.
*Dakar Maru .....Wednesday, 15th June.

Calcutta via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
*Tokushima Maru .....Sunday, 29th May.
*Nagato Maru .....Wednesday, 8th June.

Kobe & Yokohama.
Hakusan Maru (Calls Shanghai) Friday, 27th May.
*Hakodate Maru (Calls Keelung) Saturday, 28th May.
Haruna Maru (Calls Shanghai) Friday, 10th June.
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INDO CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Destination.	Steamers.	Sailings.
To Tsingtau via Swatow & Shanghai	Daviken	Tues., 24th May at 10 a.m.
	Fooshing	Sun., 29th May at 10 a.m.
	Hangsang	Wed., 1st June at 10 a.m.
	Yatshing	Sun., 5th June at 10 a.m.
To Singapore, Penang & Calcutta	Kumsang	Sun., 5th June at 3 p.m.
	Suisang	Sat., 18th June at 3 p.m.
To Moji via Amoy, Yoko., Osaka & Kobe	Suisang	Tues., 24th May at 10 a.m.
To Kobe via Amoy, Yokohama & Osaka	Hosang	Mon., 6th June at 7 a.m.
To Sandakan	Mausang	Wed., 25th May at 3 p.m.
	Hinsang	Tues., 7th June at noon.
To Tientsin via Swatow, Foochow & Chefoo	Chipshing	Tues., 24th May at 1 p.m.
	Hopsang	Tues., 7th June at 10 a.m.

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OBITUARY

WORLD FAMED BRITISH SHIPPING OWNER

Monte Carlo, May 23.

Lord Inchcape, foremost British shipping owner, died to-day on board his yacht, The Rover at the age of 80 years.—*Reuter.*

James Lyle Mackay, later Lord Inchcape was born at Arbroath, Scotland in 1852 and was educated there and at Elgin. In 1874 he went to India as a shipping clerk to join the firm of Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co., Calcutta, of which he eventually became senior partner. In 1891 he was appointed a member of the Viceroy's Legislative Council and in 1897 of the Council of India. He was knighted in 1894. As a sequel to the Boxer rising, he was sent in 1902 to China where he negotiated a commercial treaty at Shanghai, receiving the G.C.M.G. for his services. He belonged to most of the Indian Government commissions and while in England he was a member of the committees of inquiry into the administration of the Board of Trade and Local Government Board in 1903-4, into the Government workships in 1905-7 and into the natural resources of the Empire and the improvement of Imperial trade. In 1911 he was raised to the peerage as Lord Inchcape.

His connexion with shipping began before the war, for he was chairman of the British India Line, which was amalgamated with the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., and he then became chairman of this vast combination which now has 235 vessels totalling 1,600,000 gross tons. It owns the Union Steamship Co., of New Zealand and has also an interest in the New Zealand Shipping Co. and in the Orient Steam Navigation Co., while it holds 75 per cent. of the shares of the General Steam Navigation Co. Lord Inchcape was thus one of the most important men in the shipping world.

During the war he took a leading part in dealing with all its problems and afterwards assisted the Government to dispose of 198 ships to private owners—an operation involving £35,000,000.

Two years later he sold the 418 ex-enemy ships which Britain received under the Peace Treaty for £20,000,000, the administrative cost to the Government being only 2/74 per £100. For these deals he received no remuneration.

Various Activities.

In 1921 he served on the Geddes economy committee and in 1922 was chairman of the Indian retrenchment committee. For his services he was made a Viscount in 1924 and received the G.C.S.I.

In 1926, he aroused a storm of protest by declaring his belief that Britain had in a great measure brought about the present antagonism to the British in China by sending missionaries there to endeavour to convert the people from Buddhism to Christianity. The attempt to break down China's ancient faiths, as sacred to the Chinese as Christianity was to Englishmen, was, he said, to be deplored. Such efforts in his view did far more harm than good. In 1927, Lord Inchcape gave £7,000 towards the erection of a church at New Delhi, the Indian capital.

Another benefaction was £2,000 in 1927, to supply Y.M.C.A. facilities for British forces in China.

In 1928, his third daughter the Hon. Elsie Mackay perished while attempting to fly the Atlantic with Capt. Hinchliffe. In memory of her he made a gift of £500,000—the residue of her fortune—to the Exchequer to be applied to the reduction of the National Debt. He proposed that the sum should be allowed to accumulate for 50 years by which time it would amount at five per cent. compound interest to £6,500,000. In addition he gave £10,000 for the benefit of the dependants of Capt. Hinchliffe.

In 1929, he was made an Earl.

Lord Inchcape was a strong Free Trader and often denounced Protection. In 1928, he denounced the bill to prohibit the trading of ships on the coast of India unless they were owned by Indians as an act of confiscation which, if it were passed, would no doubt lead to the expropriation of other British commercial enterprises which had been of immense value to India.

When nearly 80 Lord Inchcape was still full of vigour and kept in close touch with every detail of his business. One secret of his success was his methodical character.

His heir is his son Viscount Glenapp, who, with his family, visited Hongkong last year.

GARDEN THEATRE

OPEN-AIR CINEMA TO START IN WANCHAI

An open-air cinema house entitled the Garden Theatre is in the course of construction at the corner of Luard and Hennessey Roads, in Wanchai, on the site which was formerly occupied by the Chinese New Year bazaar. The theatre has a frontage of 170 feet on the side of Luard Road and 110 feet on the sides facing Hennessey and Johnson Roads. When it is completed the theatre will have accommodation for about 1,750 persons, and will be divided into three classes. The charges have been tentatively fixed at 20, 40 and 80 cents.

Sino-American Interest.

The ground belongs to the Government, but has been leased by a syndicate consisting of American and Chinese interests. A representative of the *S. C. M. Post* visited the ground yesterday and found a gang of labourers at work putting up the superficial structures, consisting of wooden and tinplate fencing which will surround the four sides of the theatre, to a height of about ten feet. There will be entrances from Hennessey and Johnson Roads.

A temporary office has been opened at No. 81 Hennessey Road, and our representative was told that a new talkie machine has just arrived from U. S. A. It is the management's intention to show some of the latest Hollywood productions in the Garden Theatre.

The Talkie Machine.

The Chinese contractors, Messrs. Woo Hing, have been engaged to construct a one-storey cement concrete building near the entrance from the Johnson Road end which will be used to house the talkie machinery, while the construction of the stage will be proceeded with as soon as labourers have levelled the ground. The stage will be 20 by 40 feet, on which will be put up a screen measuring 18 by 28 feet. The management of the theatre intends to have two performances daily, in the evening, commencing from 7.10 and 9.15 respectively. There will be a big space reserved for the parking of motor-cars on the side nearest to the Fire Brigade station.

POSTAL STRIKE

LETTERS COMING TO HONG-KONG FOR STAMPING

Shanghai, May 23.

As the result of conferences regarding the Postal strike, which have gone on all day to-day, the Municipal Council is starting emergency services commencing at 9.30 a.m. to-morrow.

Only outward services are mentioned. Letters will be accepted for Hongkong and all other places, and payment will be by coupons to be sold at five for a dollar Mex.

The rate on ordinary letters will be 20 cents, and registration fee will be forty cents.

Letters will be sent to Hongkong, where they will be stamped regularly.

It is understood that mail for Japan will be sent unstamped to Japan where they will have Japanese stamps affixed according to the Japanese postal tariff.

The Municipal Council does not propose at present to handle inward mails but is advertising for volunteers to sort and handle mail.—*Reuter.*

Foreign Directors.

Shanghai, May 23.

Mr. E. S. Wilkinson has been placed in charge of the emergency post office with Mr. E. L. Allen as his deputy.

The office will open to-morrow morning and will be staffed by foreigners. It will handle mail for abroad only. The internal mail service will be subject to later consideration.

This morning's meeting was adjourned at 12.10 and is to be resumed at 3 o'clock. A number of former foreign postal employees are assisting in the operation of this emergency service.—*Our Own Correspondent.*

Government Actions.

Nanking, May 23.

The Government is paying the keenest attention to the Shanghai postal strike. Government leaders met at Tongshan yesterday to discuss ways and means for effecting mediation. By the order of Mr. Wang Ching-wei, the Industry Minister, Mr. Chen Kung-po left this morning by boat for Shanghai to investigate the strike situation.—*Reuter.*

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Length on Blocks 750 Feet.
Depth on Centre of Sill (H.W.O.S.T.) 34 ft. 6 ins.

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Electric Crane at Sea Wall, Capable of Lifting 100 Tons at 70 Feet Radius.

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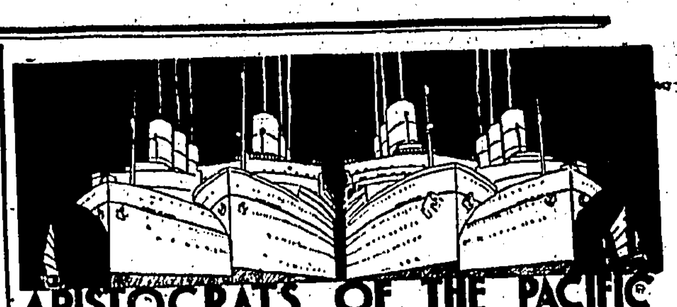

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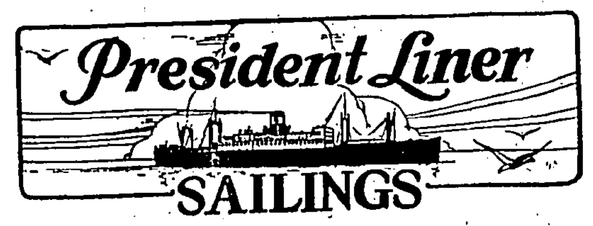

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Time Limit—One Year.

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M.V. "TAMARA"	27th June.
M.V. "PEIPING"	27th July.

Outwards to:
SHANGHAI, & JAPAN PORTS.

	Sailing about
M.V. "TAMARA"	28th May.
M.V. "FORMOSA"	21st July.
M.V. "PEIPING"	27th July.

Passenger Rates:	"A" Class	"B" Class
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55 The Peak, lately occupied by Dr. Harston and adjoining the Peak Hospital. Unfurnished. Convenient, comfortable and cool. Six rooms and Dressing room. Four bathrooms, hot and cold water. Modern sanitation. Gas and Electric Light. Use of Tennis Court. Suitable for a Mess of five, or could be easily divided to suit two couples. Close to Tram Station and Motor Road.

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Andre Lebon ..	7th June.	Athos II	7th June.
Felix Roussel ..	21st June.	D'Artagnan ...	21st June.
G. Metzinger ..	5th July.	Andre Lebon ..	5th July.
*.....	19th July.	F. Roussel	19th July.
Porthos	2nd Aug.	G. Metzinger ..	2nd Aug.
Chenonceaux ..	16th Aug.	*.....	16th Aug.
Athos II	30th Aug.	Porthos	30th Aug.
D'Artagnan ...	13th Sept.	Chenonceaux ..	12th Sept.

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Telephones: 26651. 3, Queen's Building.

THE DIME-A-DANCE GIRL

(Continued from Page 8.)

and that she was not to be afraid. She was almost sick with emotion and frantic relief at being home.

They were all out in the hall the moment they heard her knock —Myra and Bert and Molly, laughing and crying and trying to kiss her all at once. No questions—Symes had prepared them.

Talking, half-crying, they drew her into the living room and forced her to the couch. Ellen's arms were about her mother's neck. Her cheek was pressed against her mother's cheek and her tears were wet against her mother's face.

"It's all my fault," Molly was sobbing. "That my little girl should have suffered so when I'm to blame—"

"No one's to blame."

"Ellen's right,' put in Myra.

"No one is to blame!"

"I'm glad,' said Molly with spirit, her face still damp with tears, "that you made them understand you didn't want the money. We Rossiters can get along."

"Sure we can," commented Bert, half-embarrassed, half-proud. "There's a man in the family now."

Ellen had not known until then what secret fears had harassed her. Far from being disappointed Molly seemed not concerned at all with the loss of the Barclay millions. The mother and older sister exchanged glances.

"Let's tell her now," said Molly. "Tell what?"

"A surprise,' Molly went on incoherently. "They thought it would be all right and it was less expensive."

"Mike's here," Bert explained.

Ellen was up from the couch in a flash and running toward the bedroom. Propped high among the fat, white pillows of her own bed lay Mike. He turned his flush, rosy face to her, and she was beside him, showering his face with those kisses he so detested.

This time Ellen's tears were tears of joy.

(To Be Continued.)

GOVERNMENT HOUSE GAZETTE.

Monday, May 16, 1932.—Capt. F. W. Webb, A.D.C., called on Mr. T. Yoshida, Consul-General for Japan, to express the sympathy of H.E. the O.A.G., and of the Colony of Hongkong, on the death of Mr. T. Inukai, Prime Minister of Japan.

Tuesday, May 17.—Admiral de Divisione Cavagnari, Commander-in-chief of the Italian Naval Forces in the Far East, called at Government House. H.E. the O.A.G., attended by Capt. F. W. Webb, A.D.C., returned the call of Admiral Cavagnari in the Italian Cruiser, R. N. Trento.

H. E. the O.A.G., presided at a meeting of the Empire Day Committee at Government House.

Wednesday, May 18.—H.E. the O.A.G. entertained Admiral Cavagnari at a small luncheon party at Government House.

Thursday, May 19.—H.E. the O.A.G. presided at meetings of the Executive and Legislative Councils.

H. E. the O.A.G. attended by Capt. F. W. Webb, A.D.C., dined with Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Creasy.

Friday, May 20.—H. E. the O.A.G. entertained Mr. and Mrs. P.P.J. Wodehouse at a small luncheon party on the occasion of the retirement of Mr. Wodehouse from the Government Service.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

The Steamship,

"D'ARTAGNAN"
Arrived Hongkong on Monday, the 23rd May, 1932.
From MARSEILLES &c.

Consignees of Cargo by the above named steamer are hereby informed that their goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and placed at their risk in the Godowns of the Hongkong Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co. Ltd., whence delivery can be obtained as the goods are landed.—

Goods not cleared within 7 days including date of arrival, will be subject to rent.

All claims must be sent to the undersigned before the Wednesday, the 1st June, 1932, or they will not be recognized.—

Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the consignees, and the Company's Surveyor Messrs:—Goddard and Douglas at 10.00 a.m. on Saturday, the 28th May, 1932. Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined by the Company's Surveyors.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

R. OHL,
Agent.

Hongkong, 23rd May, 1932.

COMING SHORTLY

TO THE QUEEN'S

CHAPEI RETURNED.

JAPAN HAND OVER CONTROL TO CHINESE

Shanghai, May 23.

The Japanese handed over control of West Chapel to the Chinese authorities this afternoon, also Chenju village and Chenju station. —*Reuter.*

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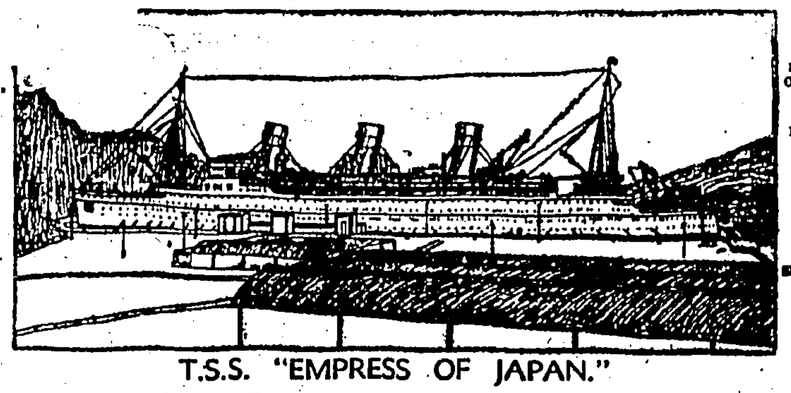

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The dimensions of No. 1 Dock are 700'0" × 88'0" × 30'6" Over sill, H.W. O.S.T. Salvage Tug "Henry Keswick" 2,000 I.H.P. Wireless Call Signal V.P.B.T. and Flag Call Signal. T.H.Q.B. Sheerlegs capable of lifting 80 tons. Codes Used: A1, A.B.C. Fifth Edition: Engineering, First and Second Edition. Western Union. Bentley and Watkins.

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*KIDDERPORE	5,300	31st May.	Straits, Colombo & B'bay
RANCHI	17,000	4th June.	Bombay, M'les & L'don
††*BANGALORE	6,500	11th June.	B'bay, M'les, L'don, Havre, H'burg, Rotterdam, Antwerp & Hull
NALDERA	16,000	18th June.	Bombay, M'les & L'don
KAISAR-I-HIND	12,000	2nd July.	Bombay, M'les & L'don
*‡BHUTAN	6,000	9th July.	B'bay, M'les, L'don, Havre, H'burg. Rotterdam Antwerp & Hull

*Cargo only. †Calls Casa Blanca. ‡Calls Djibouti.

Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo of Constantinople, Piraeus, Smyrna and other Levant Ports by Steamers of the Khedivial Mail S.S. Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS.

TILAWA	10,000	28 May. 3 p.m.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TALMA	10,000	13th June.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
SANTHIA	8,000	25th June.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta

B. I. Apcar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South).

TANDA	7,000	3rd June.	Manila, Rabaul, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.
NANKIN	7,000	2nd July.	
NELLORE	7,000	30th Jujy.	

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‡SOUDAN	6,800	28th June.	S'hai, Kobe & Yoko
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(Australian Newspapers on file).

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CHANGTE	Aug. 12th	Aug. 22nd	Aug. 26th	Sept. 11th
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YANKEES WIDEN THE GAP

WIN AGAIN WHILE SENATORS LOSE

New York, May 23.

The New York Yankees pushed farther ahead in the American League to-day, defeating the Athletics while the Senators were going down to defeat.

The star hitters did little of consequence to-day, but Urbanski sent one into the bleachers for Boston in the National, Manush and Jolley both hit homers for Boston in the American, while Rogell did the trick for Detroit.

Results:

National League

Boston	5	Brooklyn	4
Philadelphia	7	New York	9

American League

New York	6	Philadelphia	5
Washington	2	Boston	6
Detroit	6	St. Louis	7
Chicago	4	Cleveland	0

—*Reuter.*

LOCAL BODIES IN CONFERENCE

BIG CONGRESS OPENS IN LONDON

London, May 23.

Mayors, Town Clerks and other officials from towns of 44 counties are attending in London the Local Authorities Congress, which Lord Derby opened to-day. Over one thousand delegates are present and they were addressed by the Minister of Health, Sir Hilton Young.

Problems of local government will be discussed and several days spent in inspecting systems operating in Britain.—*British Wireless.*

BRITISH PLANES FOR EGYPT

FIVE DEPART FOR CAIRO

London, May 23.

Five De Havilland Gipsy Moth aeroplanes took off in formation from the De Havilland School of Flying at Hatfield this morning for Cairo, to supplement the Egyptian Air Force.

The machines have been purchased by the Egyptian Government for patrol work. Three are being flown by Egyptian officers and others by members of the Royal Air Force.—*British Wireless.*

Bombay Reign of Terror

Political Tension Remains

SITUATION EASES

London, May 23.

The situation in Bombay following the grave communal rioting of the last fortnight has greatly improved and is so well in hand that all the auxiliary forces have been disbanded and the withdrawal has begun of the military pickets.

Further sporadic outbreaks are still possible as the communal feeling, which always runs high in Bombay, is aggravated by the continuance of political tension and economic circumstances. Although the position cannot be regarded as entirely stable there are signs of a return to normal conditions and millhands show an increasing tendency to return to work.

In the House of Commons to-day, Sir Samuel Hoare, Secretary for India, said the rioting was not organised and did not take the form of clashes between considerable bodies of men but consisted of surprise attacks on temples, mosques or shops and murderous attacks by gangs of both communities.

STABBING CASES.

Casualties were mostly inflicted in isolated encounters, many being stabbing cases. The gangs dispersed rapidly on the approach of patrols who found the streets empty on their arrival.

A Curfew Order and an order prohibiting assemblies, together with the establishment of military and police posts, prevented the formation of large bodies and the combing out by the police and military of the bad characters, who have been placed in an emergency gaol, stopped the looting and incendiarism.

By the end of last week the casualties numbered 130 dead and 1,640 injured. In the mill district serious trouble threatened, but pickets and patrols prevented large clashes, and all operatives who had ceased work at 49 mills on Thursday began to return so that on Saturday only 14 were closed.

CONGRESS ACTIVITIES.

The position continued to improve but the Bombay Government will not relax intensive precautions until order is completely re-established.

Asked whether the Congress Volunteers, who claimed to control the Hindu population had actively supported the Government in restoring law and order, Sir Samuel Hoare replied: "So far from being a help they have been, in certain cases, a public danger, and in all cases a public nuisance."—*British Wireless.*

LORD INCHCAPE'S DEATH

HEART FAILURE THE CAUSE

London, May 23.

Lord Inchcape, one of the most prominent men in the shipping world, died to-day at Monaco on board his yacht, the Rover, at the age of seventy-nine. He was convalescing after a recent severe illness, but succumbed from sudden heart failure.

His heir, Lord Glenapp, is flying to Monte Carlo and his daughter, Lady Margaret Shaw, and son-in-law are proceeding later by air to join Lady Inchcape there.

The dead Peer, who began life as James MacKay, early left his Scottish home for Calcutta, where he made rapid progress in the shipping world, afterwards extending his interests to banking and insurance. He became Chairman of the P. & O. Co. and took up much public work in India and afterwards in Britain.

He was made a Peer in 1911 and six years later became a member of the Imperial Defence Committee. When the war ended, he disposed of all standard ships on behalf of the Government for £39,000,000 and also sold for over £20,000,000 11 enemy ships allotted to Britain under the Peace Treaty, the deal costing the Government only about half a crown per one hundred pounds. He was a member of the special economy committees formed in Britain and India to curb public expenditure.—*British Wireless.*

BRITISH DUTY ON TEAS

AUTHORITY GIVEN BY COMMONS

London, May 23.

The House of Commons to-night, by 309 votes to 41, carried the Budget clause imposing a duty of fourpence a pound on foreign and twopence a pound on Empire teas.—*Reuter.*

SUFFERING FROM GOUT

MR. CHAMBERLAIN GETS TREATMENT

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, will leave to-morrow for Harrogate, the famous British spa, to undergo treatment for gout.

He has cancelled his public engagements during the next fortnight.—*British Wireless.*

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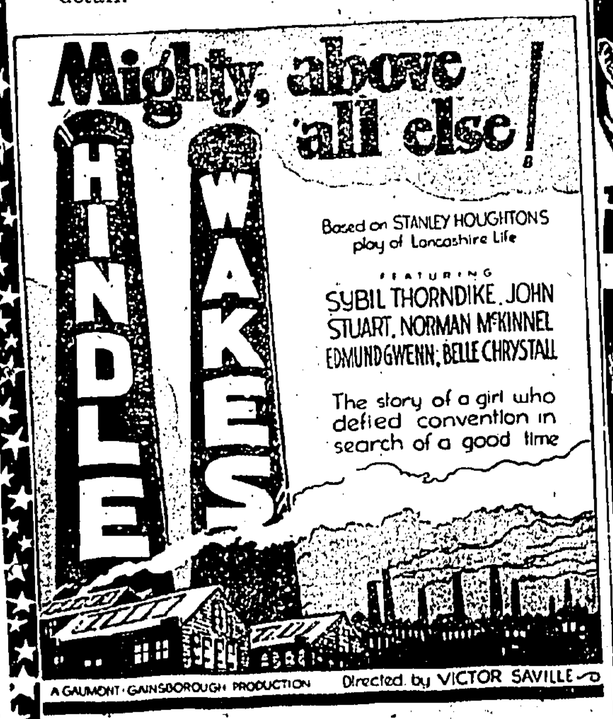

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